JUNE.

**THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,**

CONTAINING

The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.

WITH A MAP OF INDIA.

*Corrected up to March* 1889.

BOMBAY:

Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.

PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

# The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,635—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, JUNE 6, 1889.

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PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

| | Vessels. | Tons. | H. P. | Captain. | 1889. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| BL | ORIENTAL .. | 5500 | 1000 | F Stewart..... | 11th June |
| † | ASSAM ..... | 3038 | 500 | G. W. F. Browne.. | 18th ,, |
| BL | SUTLEJ ..... | 4205 | 800 | W. D. Worcester.. | 25th ,, |
| † | SIAM ..... | 3041 | 500 | H. T. Weigheil .. | 2nd July |
| BL | PESHAWUR. | 3927 | 600 | L. H. Moule ..... | 9th ,, |
| † | ASSAM ..... | 3038 | 500 | G. W. F. Browne.. | 16th ,, |
| BL | COROMANDEL | 4499 | 800 | I. Reeves ..... | 23rd ,, |
| † | SIAM ..... | 3041 | 500 | H. T. Weigheil ... | 30th ,, |

Tuesday.

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A steam-barge leaves the Mazagon Dockyard at 3 p. m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

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| Vessels. | Tons. | H. P. | Captain. | 1889. On or about |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MALWA ..... | 2970 | 500 | W. L. Broun .... | 6th June. |
| PEKIN ..... | 3908 | 600 | P. Harris ..... | 20th ,, |
| THAMES ..... | 4113 | 800 | W. A. Seaton ... | 4th July. |
| GANGES ..... | 4206 | 800 | T. J. Alderton .. | 18th ,, |

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Bombay, 31st May 1889.

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|---|---|---|---|---|
| R. RUBATTINO ... | 5,000 | 800 | 20th June '89. | 20th July 1889. |
| SINGAPORE ..... | 5,000 | 800 | 10th July '89. | 10th Aug. ,, |
| D. BARDUINO.... | 5,000 | 800 | 1st Aug. '89. | 1st Sept. ,, |
| MANILLA ..... | 5,000 | 800 | 20th Aug. '89. | 20th Sept. ,, |

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| Steamer. | To sail |
|---|---|
| BORMIDA ..... | On the 8th June 1889. |

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Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, June 1, 1889.

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| Steamers. | Captains. | Tons. | H. P. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| POSEIDON ..... | S. Mersa ..... | 4,600 | 650 | 5th June. |
| MARIA THERESA. | G. Cossoich.. | 4,300 | 600 | 5th July. |

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

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| TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI... | Rs. 800 | Rs. 480. |

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| Steamer. | Captain. | Tons. | H. P. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ELEKTRA..... | A. Lussich .... | 4200 | 600 | 11th July. |

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowa, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Tons. | H.P. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| BERENICE..... | A. Trobitz .... | 3,500 | 550 | 11th June. |

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

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J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 14th May 1889.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

| Vessel. | Commander. | Tons. | H.P. | To sail. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MERTON HALL .... | J. Hughes .... | 4,100 | 500 | 13th June. |

This fast Steamer has been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay trade, and carries both Surgeon and Stewardess. Cabins are all on deck and forward of the engines.

For further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES AND CO.,
Agents.

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PASSAGES BOOKED by P. and O. and all other steamers without charge for commission. A pamphlet giving rates and full particulars forwarded on application. Grindlay's Hand-ook for Travellers may also be had free.

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Opposite Messrs. Richardson & Cruddas, Byculla.

MESSRS. CHARLES & Co. beg to inform the Managers of Mills and the public in general, that they have STARTED BUSINESS as TINSMITHS and COPPERSMITHS, and are PREPARED TO EXECUTE any ORDERS entrusted to their care. A Trial Order is solicited.

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A brand new English-made VICTORIA, by Lewis Tucker of Salisbury.

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Some Dinner and Dessert Service Sets, and a few Ram and Grass MACHINES.

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A pair of Bay Arab Horses, ridden by a lady, perfectly quiet in single and double harness, very showy, fast and young, height about 14-2. Price Rs. 1,000.

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Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. "PURULIA," 1,552 tons, on FRIDAY, 7th June, at 5 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

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FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

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FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "ORIENTAL," 862 tons, on or about MONDAY, 10th June.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 4th June 1889. Agents.

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PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any part of India by any route across the Continent, and to all parts of the Globe. Reductions to Family Parties and Missionaries.

Interpreters meet Steamers at all Chief Continental Ports

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UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF

HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF ENGLAND,
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HIS LATE IMPERIAL MAJESTY NAPOLEON III., EMPEROR OF THE FRENCH, &c., &c., &c.

It is constructed on the most sound scientific principles, and yet so exceedingly simple that it cannot get out of order, and can be instantaneously taken to pieces, leaving the whole of the interior open for inspection and cleaning, and the purifying medium renewed by the user.

Nothing comes in contact with the Water but Stoneware and specially prepared Purifying Medium and Asbestos.

NO LOOSE PAN OR INNER VESSEL TO CAUSE BREAKAGE.

It will be seen this NEW FILTER differs entirely from any which has ever before been introduced, and that the Water is not only PERFECTLY PURIFIED, but oxygenated and rendered brisk and pleasant to the taste, and the effect EVEN UPON THE BLACKEST AND FOULEST THAMES WATER is surprising, and chemical analysis fails to detect the least trace of impurity in the water after once passing through.

The only Filter that can be depended upon to remove effectually from water all Germs of Disease and Metallic Impurities, Lead, Zinc, &c., dissolved in water; effectually removing Animal, Vegetable, and Earthy Impurities in suspension; and also ABSOLUTELY REMOVING LEAD, ZINC LIME, IRON, SEWAGE, ORGANIC, MINERAL, AND SALINE IMPURITIES IN SOLUTION.

A certain protection against the dangers that lurk in the domestic water-supply. Guaranteed to remove all germs of Cholera, Typhoid, Diphtheria, and all causes of Blood-Poisoning, &c.

It is the best possible preventive of Cholera, Typhoid Fever, and all other diseases arising from drinking impure water. No water should be used for drinking or cooking without being effectually purified; and no house can be thoroughly furnished without a good Filter.

It can be cleaned easily by any one, and the special purifying medium renewed at a trifling cost. It has a larger body and surface of a special purifying medium than in any other, and is the most effective means known of purifying water for domestic, manufacturing, and general purposes.

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BY CAPTAIN FRED. BURNABY, ROYAL HORSE GUARDS.

PAGE 18 says :—

"Two pairs of boots, lined with fur, were also taken; and for physic, with which it is as well to be supplied when travelling in out-of-the-way places—some Quinine and Cockle's Pills—the latter a most invaluable medicine and one which I have used on the natives of Central Africa with the greatest possible success. In fact, the marvellous effects produced upon the mind and body of an Arab Sheik, who was impervious to all native medicines, when I administered to him five

COCKLE'S PILLS,

will never fade from my memory; and a friend of mine, who passed through the same district many months afterwards, informed me that my fame as a 'medicine man' had not died out, but that the marvellous cure was even then a theme of conversation in the bazaar."

THE PHARMACOPŒIA.

An extract from the second edition (page 188) of the translation of the Pharmacopœia of the Royal College of Physicians of London, by Dr. G. F. Collier, published by Longman and Company :—

"It is no small defect in this compilation (speaking of the new Pharmacopœia) that we have no purgative mass but what contains aloes, yet we know that hæmorrhoidal persons cannot bear aloes, except in the form of

COCKLE'S PILLS,

which chiefly consist of aloes, scammony, and colocynth, which, I think, are formed into a sort of compound extract, the acridity of which is obviated, I suspect, by an alkaline process, and by a fourth ingredient (unknown to me) of an aromatic tonic nature. I think no better and no worse of it for its being a patent medicine. I look at it as an article of commerce and domestic convenience, and do not hesitate to say it is the best made Pill in the Kingdom; a muscular purge, a mucous purge, and a hydrogogue purge combined, and their effects properly controlled by a dirigent and corrigent. That it does not commonly produce hæmorrhoids, like most aloetic pills, I attribute to its being thoroughly soluble, so that no undissolved particles adhere to the mucous membrane."

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These Pills consist of a careful and peculiar admixture of the best and mildest vegetable aperients, with the pure extract of the flowers of the Camomile. They will be found a most efficacious remedy for derangement of the digestive organs and for torpid action of the liver and bowels, which produce indigestion and several varieties of bilious and liver complaints. They speedily remove irritation and the feverish state of the stomach—allay spasms—correct the morbid condition of the liver and organs subservient to digestion—promote a due and healthy secretion of bile, and relieve the constitution of all gouty matter and other impurities, which, by circulating in the blood, must injuriously effect the action of the kidneys—thus by removing the causes productive of so much discomfort, they restore the energies both on body and mind. To those who indulge in the luxuries of the table, these Pills will prove highly useful, occasioning no pain in their action, unless they meet with an unusual quantity of acrid bile and acid matter in the stomach and bowels. To Europeans on their arrival in India or China they are recommended as a preservative against the fatal disorders peculiar to tropical climates. Their occasional use, if combined with the strictest attention to diet, will be frequently found to remove at once by their influence over the secretions that congestive and unhealthy condition of the liver which is so often the earliest antecedent of severe febrile and constitutional disturbance. It must be understood that these Pills are not recommended as containing any new or dangerously active ingredients; on the contrary, they are characterised by a remarkable simplicity of combination; and whatever merit they may be found to possess depends as much upon the selection of pure drugs and the unusual labour and attention bestowed upon their subsequent preparation, as upon the acknowledged peculiarity of their composition. They are not recommended as a panacea, nor are they adapted to all complaints; but as a mild and efficacious aperient and tonic in the various forms of indigestion, it will not, perhaps, be an exaggeration to state that they have been resorted to under all systems of diet, changes of climate, or atmospheric alterations, with an extraordinary degree of success for 86 years. This celebrated family aperient may be had throughout the United Kingdom in boxes 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s., as well as in India, China, New Zealand, and the Australian colonies.

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CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13 1864.

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ALL SIZES IN STOCK.

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RELIABLE WATERPROOFING.

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## BOMBAY.

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## "SULPHONAL-BAYER."

The New Hypnotic, free from all after effects, causing a quiet refreshing sleep and not acting narcotically.

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"QUININE BITTERS"—NOTHING MORE.

Once upon a midnight dreary, ill in bed quite weak and weary,
With sleeplessness, lone spirits, and indigestion sore;
While I strove in vain at napping, suddenly there came a tapping,
As of some one gently rapping—rapping at my chamber door!
"It's Doctor Draughts," I muttered, "tapping at my chamber door."
'T was the Doctor, nothing more.

Oh! distinctly I remember; it was in the bleak December,
And in every single member of my body pains I bore;
Eagerly I wished the morrow—vainly had I sought to borrow
From drugs surcease of sorrow—sorrow for my pains, galore;
And I asked if I should ever be as healthy as before:
Quoth the Doctor—"Never more!"

"Your chest is bad, that's certain; your neuralgia's always hurting,
And your liver is so sluggish that life's to you a bore;
And your heart's so bad at beating that in vain you're sleep entreating,
While from weakness even now you perspire from every pore."
"But, Doctor, when shall I be fit to pass the threshold of my door?"
Quoth the Doctor—"Never more!"

Presently my soul grew stronger; hesitating then no longer;
"Nurse, send for GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS. I implore!"
And the fact is, after tapping one bottle I was napping
In the sweet refreshing sapping I had known in days of yore;
And with neuralgia, palpitation, indigestion, and bronchitis,
I was troubled never more!

Now, to all within my hearing, who are now these ailments fearing,
I will give the good advice I received myself before:
See that Evans' stamp's unbroken, and the bottle bears the token
Of "GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS," so well known and praised of yore,
Merely this, and nothing more.

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We are particularly anxious to caution the public against the attempts of some members of the trade to pass substitutes or even counterfeits of our preparation. Ask plainly for GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS, and see that the name GWILYM EVANS is on label, capsule, and bottle. Every bottle sent out of the laboratory is prepared according to his recipé, and under his direct management. Sold in bottles at Re. 1 and Re. 2 by all chemists and native dealers in patent medicines.

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There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines on Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c. seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.
Advertisers can select the Stations at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.
Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers, may be printed at moderate charge in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.
Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.
Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.
The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.
Special arrangements for long periods.
For further particulars apply to the Manager of the "Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road Fort.

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# IRON FRAME PIANOFORTES.

NEWEST AND HANDSOMEST DESIGNS. SOLID IN CONSTRUCTION.
BRILLIANT IN TONE. EXCELLENT FINISH.
LIGHT AND ELASTIC TOUCH. AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
INSPECTION AND COMPARISON INVITED.
ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.
SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

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# DIAMONDS.

WE are glad to have the opportunity in these days of low exchange of informing the Public that we have just procured, direct from the Mines, a magnificent assortment of the above, justly named

## THE QUEEN OF GEMS.

They are purely white, perfectly cut, and of intense brilliancy, and having obtained them at very favourable prices, we are able to offer them at a figure which, we believe, has not been touched for years. For instance, we can now supply a single Stone white and perfect brilliant Ring, set in solid 18-carat Gold, for the remarkably low sum of Rs. 100 only.

All Stones are set on the premises by our workmen under European supervision, and we can furnish estimates and designs for any description of Diamond Jewellery, no matter how intricate and elaborate.

We have many pairs of grand large Stones suitable for Solitaire Boutons, etc., and can also supply a pair of choice Boutons as low as Rs. 80.

An inspection is invited, and we ask intending purchasers to compare our prices before investing.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

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# LUMINOUS PHOSPHORUS.
## Important to Invalids!

H. & T. KIRBY & CO.'S PREPARATIONS possess the vitalizing and energizing properties of this Drug in a state of great activity. The Phosphorus being retained in them unoxidised, it is quickly assimilated and, if taken daily with food, supplies the brain and spinal cord with its proper Pabulum.

In this form it is powerfully remedial, effecting cures in apparently hopeless cases, after all other medicines had failed, particularly in LOSS OF NERVE POWER, as manifested by INCAPACITY FOR WORK, WANT OF ENERGY, LOWNESS OF SPIRITS, NEURALGIA, MENTAL DEPRESSION, MELANCHOLIA, FEEBLE DIGESTION AND CIRCULATION, COLD EXTREMITIES, WEAK HEART, LOSS OF PHYSICAL VIGOUR, and NERVOUS DEBILITY. For these and all other conditions indicating defective nutrition or exhaustion of the nervous centres, whether arising from overwork, the effect of climate or excess. Medical authorities all agree that PHOSPHORUS is the most effectual remedy.

The following preparations, of which we are the ORIGINAL Makers, are thoroughly reliable. They may be obtained from our appointed Agents (see below), in Bottles, 3s., 5s. and 10s. each (English money), the 10s. Bottle containing sufficient for a course of three weeks. Two 10s. Bottles may be obtained direct from the makers' laboratory, carriage paid to any post town in India or Australia, by remitting Post Office Order for 21s.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 5), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.
Dr. KIRBY says: "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the digestive organs, increases functional activity and improves the condition of the nervous system. It is largely employed in India during convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria.*

PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia, Sciatica,* and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjutant to a course of cod liver oil.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula No. 6), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This combination is useful in all the cases named above, but especially in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power,* following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks it has a powerfully renovating effect on broken-down constitutions.

PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 4), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
The use of this combination will be gathered from what has been said of the previous Formulæ, Nos. 3 and 6.
For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 9), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus, with Iron, Quinine and Strychnia.
This combination of nerve tonics has a very large application. It is efficacious in all disorders which are characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of the general health which is induced by overwork, dissipation, and excesses of various kinds. In this state iron and phosphorus is strongly indicated. In Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial power, by improving the condition of the blood and by stimulating its regenerative power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving. As a tonic for convalescents from fever and other exhausting diseases it is unequalled.

STRONG PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 17), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.
This is double the strength of No. 9 as regards Phosphorus and Quinine, and therefore should be prescribed *only* in cases where the larger dose of Phosphorus is needed.

PHOSPHORUS, CANTHARIDES & NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 20), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This pill produces no irritation of the gastro-intestinal mucous membrane, but operates as a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinal organs. It is especially useful in premature failure of power, induced by passive discharges due to debility. It is useful also as a *stimulating emmenagogue* in obstinate cases of *Amenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa,* and *Ulcers of the Uterus.*
Formula No. 20 contains Iron, and as a tonic is most suitable *for feeble, anæmic* females.

*For fuller particulars of other Combinations, Medical Men are invited to apply to the Agents for descriptive pamphlet, supplied free of charge.*

AGENTS:—CALCUTTA—Naylor, Son, Grimes & Co.; BOMBAY and POONA—Treacher & Co., Limited; BOMBAY—Cooper, Madon & Co., Limited; ALAHABAD—Lyell & Co.; MADRAS—E. W. Smith & Co.
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## INSURANCES.

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PUBLIC ATTENTION is specially invited to the following NEW and MOST ADVANTAGEOUS METHOD of ASSURANCE under the
TREBLE BENEFIT
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NOW issued by this Company, which provides for a Payment to the Assured himself on attaining a specified age; or he can purchase a Pension, if he so desires, for the rest of life; or the Sum Assured is payable to his Representative at the previous death of the Assured, thus comprising in one contract the TREBLE BENEFIT of an Endowment, a Pension payable during life, or as a Family Provision payable at Death.
ENQUIRY-FORM
AS TO THE COST OF
A Sum to be received at a specified age
(or at Death, if previous),
with the ALTERNATIVE of
A Pension for Life after that age.
The undersigned having been Born on the Day of _____ 18__
what would be the Annual Payment to secure Rs. _____ to be Paid when he is aged 50,* or at his death, if sooner?
Also, what Yearly Pension for the rest of Life may be obtained at the latter age, if then desired, in exchange for the above sum?
Name _____
Address _____
Occupation _____
188
Full Particulars on Application, and Forms of Proposal for effecting Assurances may be had from—
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary,
Albert Building, Bombay,
or any of the Agents of the Company.
* This may be altered to 40, 45, 55, or 60.

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## INSURANCES.

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| | Exclusive Reserve Fund. |
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| The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAPITAL | " 3,000,000 |
| The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., (exclusive re-insurances) CAPITAL | M6,000,000 |
| The HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL | " 6,000,000 |
| The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL | " 7,530,000 |
| The LUBECK FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL | " 3,000,000 |
| The FIRE INSURANCE Co. of 1877, CAPITAL | " 2,000,000 |
| The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL | fl 3,000,000 |
| The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL | " 2,000,000 |
| FIRE INSURANCE Co., "NSULINDE," CAPITAL | 1,000,000 |

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| | |
|---|---|
| The GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL | £ 3,000,000 |
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THE FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE in the above Companies apply to the UNDERSIGNED who can offer ALL FACILITIES and MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS. ALL CLAIMS PROMPTLY SETTLED IN BOMBAY. Rates and other particulars can be obtained on application.
VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents.

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ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL—£2,000,000 STERLING.
TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS, invested in the best and safest Securities, now amount to
£5,672,040-17-8 STERLING.
FIRE BRANCH.
POLICIES covering risks on MERCHANDISE, BUILDINGS, SPINNING MILLS, COTTON AND JUTE PRESSES, SHOPS, BUNGALOWS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS, AND CLUBS, both in BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, granted on most favourable terms. COALS on the BUNDERS and KEROSINE OIL also covered.

| | |
|---|---|
| Fire Premiums for 1882 | £300,690 |
| 1885 | £988,156 |
| 1886 | £955,039 |

LIFE BRANCH.
NATIVE LIVES ASSURED AT EUROPEAN RATES
LARGE REDUCTION IN RATES.
POLICIES granted by the UNDERSIGNED without reference to Head Office on APPROVED lives. MILITARY LIVES CIVIL employ have extra premium returned.
ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES, payable at fixed periods ADULTS, and Children on very favourable terms.
LAST REVERSIONARY BONUS 7½ per cent.
REDUCTION TO EUROPEAN rates, when assured leave either Alexandria or Port Said.
Accumulated LIFE FUNDS now amount to £3,257,609
GROWTHS OF FUNDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1871 | £2,195,972 15 8 | 1881 | £4,673,320 5 1 |
| 1876 | £3,492,960 1 4 | 1886 | £5,673,040 17 8 |

THOS. H. MOORE & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
Hummum-street.

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## BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

| | |
|---|---|
| PAID-UP CAPITAL | $7,500,000 |
| RESERVE FUND | $4,300,000 |
| RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS | $7,500,000 |

HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.
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BOMBAY AGENCY.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. on daily balances.
On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 5 per cent.
Terms for shorter periods on application.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.
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Acting Agent.

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THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.
CAPITAL—£1,000,000
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BOMBAY BRANCH.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 3 (three) per cent. per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.
JAMES GREENWOOD,
Manager.

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HOT WEATHER RETREAT.
KHANDALLA HOTEL, Khandalla, and IGUTPURI HOTEL, Igutpuri.
These HOTELS are spendidly situated, and within easy distance from Railway Stations. Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view all round.—Apply to
NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS,
Khandalla and Igutpuri.

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A BOON TO MEN
Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY LOST VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, KIDNEY DISEASES, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by *local absorption,* the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application.
The MARSTON REMEDY Co., 249 High Holborn, LONDON.

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TRADE "SANITAS" MARK
DISINFECTANTS
(FLUIDS, POWDERS, SOAPS),
NON-POISONOUS, PLEASANT AND BEST.
Used by more than 1,000 Boards of Health and Hospitals. Gold Medals, Calcutta 1883-84, Paris 1885, Antwerp 1886.
PAMPHLET FOR USES IN INDIA ON APPLICATION
"Valuable Antiseptic and Disinfectant."—*Times.*
"Safe, pleasant and useful."—*Zoozot.*
Of all Chemists and Stores throughout India.
THE "SANITAS" COMPANY, Limited,
CONTRACTORS TO H. M.'S ADMIRALTY,
Letchford's Buildings, Bethnal Green, London.

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THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows:—

To SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY—*Delivered free.*

| *In Advance.* | | *In Arrears.* | |
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| Per Annum | Rs. 48 | Per

# BOMBAY.

## TO-DAY.

Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills Meeting, 3 p.m.
Moonlight Concert, Byculla Wesleyan Methodist Chapel, 8 p.m.

VESSEL ARRIVED.—The following vessel arrived yesterday :—Thibet (s), from Hongkong.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Henzada (s), for Aden and London ; Poseidon (s), Aden, Trieste, &c. ; and Mobile (s), Persian Gulf.

POSTAL NOTICE.—The next China and Australian mails per s. s. Malwa will be closed at the General Post Office to-day at 12-30 noon.

JEWIS HOLIDAYS.—Owing to the feast of Pentecost or Shabouth, the Jewish offices in Bombay were closed yesterday and will remain so to-day.

ROBBING A CHILD.—Ramchunder Appajee, residing at the old Mazagon police office, reports that some person removed two gold bangles valued at Rs. 50 from his child while lying asleep in his room on Tuesday last.

FALL FROM A WINDOW.—Sorabjee Framjee Wanjee, aged 60 years, residing at Hormusjee Lane, at Lower Colaba, while looking out of his window, overbalanced himself and fell on to the road from a height of about 28 feet on Tuesday. He sustained serious injuries, and is being treated at his own house.

FATAL MILL ACCIDENT.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday at the Western India Mill, Parell, respecting the death of Bhickoo Shiva, aged 50 years. Deceased was a labourer in the said mill. On Tuesday he and three other labourers were working at the roving machine, when an iron steam pipe, suspended about 8 or 9 feet from the floor, suddenly fell and struck the deceased on the head and killed him on the spot. His three other companions were more or less injured. A verdict of accidental death was recorded accordingly.

PICK-POCKETING AT MOMBADAVIE.—Ramjee Khemjee was yesterday charged by Inspector Hiscock before Mr. Shewshunker Govindram with stealing a purse containing Rs. 2-2-3 from the pocket of Jaya Dhooma on Tuesday night last while returning from the Mombadavie Temple. The accused was arrested while in the act of removing the purse from complainant's pocket and making off with it. On being handed over to the police, accused was searched and the purse with its contents was found in his possession. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

DEATH FROM BURNS.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday at the Sonapore Hindoo burning ground respecting the death of Potee, a girl, aged nine and a half years. Deceased was the daughter of Soondri, woman, residing at Moogbhat. On the 24th ultimo deceased, while seated on a table in her mother's room, over which a kerosine oil lamp was suspended, lifted her head and struck the lamp, which broke, and the flaming oil fell on her clothes and set it on fire. She was extensively burnt about her body, left arm, and leg. Dr. Kane was sent for, and he treated the deceased. On Monday last she was seized with spasms, which continued, and she died at 3 p.m. on Tuesday. The verdict was that the death of Pootee was caused by burns.

THEFT AND FRAUDULENT POSSESSION OF PROPERTY.—Sebastian De Souza, a Goanese cook, was yesterday brought up on remand and charged by Inspector George before Mr. Shewshunker Govindram upon two separate charges, the one of theft of a gold watch valued at Rs. 140, the property of a Mrs. Vaughan, residing on the Frere Road, stolen from her premises on the 28th April last, and the other with having in his possession a pair of binoculars, valued at Rs. 10, reasonably suspected to have been stolen or fraudulently obtained, and failing to render a satisfactory account how he came possessed of the same. The accused was convicted on both the charges, and on admitting three previous convictions was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

HOUSE-BREAKING AND THEFT.—Yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court Dhackoo Madhew was charged by Inspector Dillon before Mr. Shewshunker Govindram with house-breaking by night and theft of property consisting of nine pieces of chintz and nun's-veiling, valued at Rs. 66, the property of Moti Jugjeevun, from his residence in the Chuckla on Monday night last. The accused effected an entrance into complainant's house by removing three iron bars of a window opening into a sweeper's gully. While committing the theft he was disturbed by the inmates of the house, when he made off, leaving his dhotur behind, and while being pursued he dropped the stolen property on the road, and was subsequently arrested by a policeman. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge, and was sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment.

COMMITTED TO THE SESSIONS.—Yesterday at the Girgaum Police Court Faizad Shaik Ally, against whom there appeared a register of three previous convictions, was brought up on remand and charged before Mr. P. Ryan with house-breaking and theft of property consisting of currency notes and cash and three silver buttons, of the collective value of Rs. 288-11-9, the property of Nansey Dyall, from his rope factory near the Two Tanks Street on Friday night last, the 31st ultimo. The accused was arrested while he was making off with the property after committing the theft. The whole of the stolen currency notes were found concealed about his clothing. The cash and the silver buttons he dropped on the road while endeavouring to effect his escape. The Magistrate, after recording the evidence for the prosecution, formally committed the accused for trial at the ensuing Criminal Sessions of the High Court.

PLEASANT EVENINGS FOR THE PEOPLE.—The Revd. G. W. Clutterbuck delivered a very interesting and instructive lecture on Monday in the Colaba Wesleyan Methodist Chapel on the life of "John Bright" to a small but appreciative audience. In addition to his personal history, the lecturer dwelt in an entertaining and eloquent manner on the public matters in which the deceased statesman took so prominent a part, notably the repeal of the Corn Laws, the Crimean War, the disestablishment of the Irish Church, and the enlargement of the Franchise. The chair was taken by Mr. H. A. Geyer, who remarked at the close of the lecture that they were greatly indebted to Mr. Clutterbuck for so enjoyable an evening. Biography when so presented was very interesting, and he trusted that when the weather was again more bearable, Mr. Clutterbuck would lecture to them again on that subject if he would, or on some other. He concluded his address by moving that a cordial vote of thanks be presented to the lecturer, which was heartily responded to. In acknowledging the vote of thanks, Mr. Clutterbuck said that their appreciation was his reward, and that, as suggested, he might give the lecture again, but that anyhow he purposed to give another lecture shortly on "Abraham."

FETE IN AID OF THE CONVALESCENT HOME.—On Friday, as will be seen from an advertisement, a grand fete is to take place in Bombay in aid of the Convalescent Home. A Khandalla correspondent informs us that a very charming site, near the ruins of Mr. Berkeley's bungalow, not far from the Barracks, has been offered for the Convalescent Home by Khan Bahadur Hurree Rowjee, one of the leading inhabitants of Poona, but that not being quite large enough application has been made to the authorities for a small portion of the next site, which belongs to Government. It is on the same ridge, but about half a mile away from the fine sanitarium, which the St. Xavier fathers have built on the magnificent site they had the luck and the discretion to secure a few years ago. It is to be hoped that before next hot weather the hospital may have a home of its own, when patients and nurses can be sent for change. It is pleasing to note that the Sisters of All Saints intend to increase the number of nurses directly the new nurses' quarters are finished. They are anxious to raise a Pension Fund, and in order to make their scheme of nursing a more public one, they propose placing the Nursing Fund in the charge of an honorary secretary and treasurer. The public of this Presidency will always be indebted to the sisters for having so successfully started and organized the present system of nursing.

DEATH OF DUSTOOR PEROZJEE.—We regret to record the death of Dustoor Pherozjee, eldest son of Dustoor Sahib Jamaspjee Menocherjee, Ph. D., head priest of the Parsees, which took place yesterday morning at his father's residence in the Fort rather suddenly, owing, it is supposed, to heat apoplexy. The young Dustoor, who was only thirty-six years of age, studied for some time at the Elphinstone College, which he was obliged to leave under medical advice. But so great were his linguistic predilections that, by private study at home, unmindful of the risk to his health, he had acquired a tolerably good knowledge of French, German, Pehlvi, Zend, Persian, and Sanskrit. A work of great interest to the general reader, and especially to the student of Zoroastrian literature, prepared by the deceased gentleman, is now ready for publication. It is an English translation of an important French work written by Dr. L. C. Casartelli of Louvain, on the philosophical and moral doctrines of the Mazdayasna religion, as it existed under the rule of the Sassanids at a period when that religion attained its highest place in philosophical completeness, and contains a learned exposition of interesting questions mooted by the post-Avestic exegesis. The translation has undergone a careful revision by the author himself, who has in some cases made additions to and alterations in the original text. Dustoor Pherozjee, who passed most of his time in literary work, was the right hand of his father and heir to the Dustoorship ; and deep sympathy is felt for Dustoor Jamaspjee in his present affliction, which has followed so soon the death of his wife ten days ago. As a mark of sympathy for the father and of respect to the memory of the son, the principal shops and some of the places of business in the Parsee quarter in the Fort were closed yesterday.

## BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

A MEETING of the Port Trustees was held on Saturday last, when the following among other business was transacted :—

A NEW SOURCE OF INCOME.

Read letter from Mr. Purushram Ganoji, dated 6th May, offering to pay Rs. 200 for the right of fishing with nets in the Prince's and Victoria Docks for one year. Read reports by the Dock Superintendent and the Port Officer, both strongly objecting on the ground of inconvenience ; and the former also on the ground that it would offend the susceptibilities of certain castes of natives.

Resolution.—The applicant should be informed that the Trustees are not prepared to permit fishing in the docks.

WELLINGTON PIER IMPROVEMENTS.

Read letter from the Presidency Postmaster, dated 14th March, inquiring whether in the new offices about to be erected by the Trustees at the Wellington Pier more accommodation could be provided for the Post Office than in the existing structure. Read report by the acting Engineer, dated 23rd April, showing on a plan that the maximum additional accommodation that could be afforded to the Post Office is 560½ square feet more than the area of the present Post Office, and that the extra cost would be Rs. 953.

Read letter from the Presidency Postmaster, dated 15th May, approving of the arrangements for the Post Office proposed by the acting Engineer, and stating that the department is not prepared to accept the increased accommodation, unless the rent for the building will not exceed Rs. 20 a month.

Read letter from the honorary secretary, Royal Bombay Yacht Club, dated 14th May, enquiring whether the new offices will be built any higher than the present offices. Read letter from the honorary secretary, Royal Bombay Yacht Club, dated 23rd April, asking that since the present offices cannot be removed before the monsoon, the plot of ground they require be handed over at once.

Read reports by the acting Engineer, dated 21st and 28th May, recommending the site to be removed from the ground now leased to the Yacht Club, and suggesting as an alternative another site. The cost of removal he estimates at Rs. 149.

Read minutes of Land Committee, recommending that sanction be given to the following :—Extra cost on account of enlargement of Post Office Rs. 953 and cost of out-buildings Rs. 250 ; that the Post Office authorities be charged Rs. 20—for accommodation in the new building ; that there appears to be no objection to hand over to the Yacht Club the site alluded to, immediately on condition that rent commences from the day on which it is made over : and that the lease be signed hereafter when Trustees are ready to make over the site of the existing chowkeys. That the site seems a suitable one for the fountain, and that it should be removed there, the cost as estimated by the acting Engineer being Rs. 149.

Resolution.—The recommendations of the Land Committee are approved and should be acted upon. Should any difficulty arise with regard to the site, to which it is proposed to remove the fountain, that question can again be brought up before the Board.

THE MAZAGON FIRE.

Resumed consideration of the reports by the Traffic Manager and the acting Engineer on the fire at Mazagon Reclamation on 24th December 1888, postponed by Trustees' resolution No. 8, dated 3rd January 1889. The Traffic Manager's report on the repairs necessitated by the fire was submitted, recommending that shed A and fence destroyed should be re-erected of the same dimensions, but that iron posts should be used instead of wood—and that shed B and its fence should be re-erected of the same size and materials as before. Report by acting Engineer, dated 4th March, recommending that a supply of sand be kept up near the kerosine wharf for use in extinguishing fires. The cost of providing about 25 brass would be Rs. 150. The cost of pavement, 88' by 70', he estimates at Rs. 3,862. He states that the wooden partitions at Messrs. Latham, Abercrombie and Co.'s acid godown can be replaced by a partition of corrugated sheets. Letter from Traffic Manager, dated 24th January 1889, forwarding letter from Messrs. Latham, Abercrombie and Co., dated 19th January 1889, asking that the damage done to the godown occupied by them at the Ganpowder Bander by the late fire, should be repaired, and asking whether the Trustees intend to take steps to prevent kerosine and such dangerous articles from lying on the wharves in close proximity to other merchandise. Further estimate by acting Engineer, dated 15th March, namely, for repairs, at Rs. 16,387. Read letter from the Bombay Association of Fire Insurance Agents, dated 2nd October 1888, calling Trustees' attention to a fire that had occurred at Mody Bunder in a cadjan-covered ; shed : and suggesting that such structures should not be allowed in proximity to warehouses and buildings containing valuable property. Letter from the same, dated 2nd January 1889, again calling attention to the danger attending the erection of cadjan covered structures, and also to the unsatisfactory arrangements for the storage of kerosine oil ; and suggesting that the whole area occupied by kerosine should be fenced in, and that the windows of the godowns should be provided with iron shutters. Letter from the acting Engineer, dated 2nd February, with lithographed plans, showing the sites of certain easily inflammable structures on the Port Trust property. Notes by the Chairman recommending that the sun-shades in front of the chawls at Elphinstone Bridge should be removed, and that the pointsman's cadjan hut at the Sassoon Dock should be replaced by a hut of wood and corrugated iron. Minute by the acting Chairman, concurred in generally by the other trustees, dated 16th May recommending that sheds A and B be rebuilt, and that the two bays next to the kerosine wharf should be of iron, the remaining parts to be of timber and corrugated iron roof as before, and that the sheds be protected from rain in the monsoon by corrugated iron sheets and sliding doors next to the kerosine wharf, the estimated cost being for the A shed Rs. 5,913, B shed Rs. 3,383 ; fence Rs. 1,512 ; and paving wharf Rs. 5,352, total Rs. 16,160, to be met from Reserve Fund. The acting Chairman suggests certain information to be given to the Bombay Association of Fire Insurance Agents, in reply to their letters of 2nd October 1888 and 2nd January. He also recommended that sanction be given to the following :—Bricking up windows of kerosine godowns. Rs. 182 ; stock of sand to be ready for emergency to put out fires, Rs. 150 ; and substituting an iron for a wooden fence near Mr. Fernandes' bungalow, Rs. 45. He further recommends that the Chairman's recommendations (see para. No. 14 of the preamble) with regard to removing dangerous cadjan structures be adopted.

Resolution.—The recommendations contained in the acting Chairman's minute of 16th May should be acted upon.

DEPTH OF WATER.

Engineer's statement of sections taken in the Prince's Dock channel on 22nd May, and in the Victoria Dock channel on 23rd and 24th May, showing the highest level in the Prince's Dock channel to be 59 T. H. D. close in the shore, and 57·08 from 50 to 3,200 feet off the entrance ; and in the Victoria Dock channel the highest level to be 55·50 on the leading line to entrance.

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

| | For week ending 18th to 27th May 1889. | For week ending 18th to 27th May 1888. |
|---|---|---|
| Vessels piloted into harbour | 24 | 55 |
| ,, ,, out of ,, | 39 | 46 |
| ,, transported | 17 | 14 |
| ,, attended to | 5 | 1 |

STATEMENT OF VESSELS USING TRUSTEES' WET DOCKS.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Vessels entered | 3 | 11 |
| ,, left | 10 | 14 |
| ,, remaining in Dock | 11 | 16 |

VICTORIA DOCK.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Vessels entered | 12 | 4 |
| ,, left | 11 | 11 |
| ,, remaining in Dock | 1 | 13 |

TWILL LINING FOR SHIRTS.—A new material specially suitable for Shirts for DISTRICT use and rough wear. It has the absorbent property of Flannel with the softness of Cotton. Samples on application to the ELGIN MILLS, Cawnpore.

## INSOLVENCY COURT.—JUNE 5.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice CANDY.)

RE THAKUR JADOJEE CHAMPSEE.

Mr. Kapadia, on behalf of his client, moved for permission to file a fresh petition. The application was granted.

RE BANAJEE FRAMJEE.

The insolvent's counsel, Mr. Kapadia, moved for permission to srrve notices, which was granted by his Lordship.

RE ABDUL AHMED RAHIMBUX AND ANOTHER.

Mr. Manker moved, on behalf of the insolvent, for the rule *nisi* to be made absolute under section 60, as the petition, which was filed some four months ago, was made returnable to-day. His Lordship made the rule absolute. The Official Assignee informed the Court that three notices had not been served.

RE MOROJEE CHOKSEE AND ANOTHER.

Mr. Kapadia moved for permission to file fresh petitions, as the former petitions had been dismissed because his clients had failed to put in their schedules. His Lordship granted the necessary permission.

RE KHAN MAHOMED FUZULADHOY.

The insolvent was granted an interim order for three months, on the motion of Mr. Manker.

RE PREMCHAND DOWLATRAM.

Mr. Manker, in this case, moved for an extension of the interim order as his client required time to enable him to get certain books from his partner in order to file his schedule. His Lordship granted the extension.

INTERIM ORDERS.

The usual interim orders were granted to the following, who appeared in person :—Abdul Rahim bin Haji Ismail ; Ramchunder Mojiram Purdesi ; Babaji Balkrishna Surway ; Heerachund Damji Sha ; Madhowji Hurji Thakur ; Escofalli Miya Saheb Gulam Hussein and another ; Goculdas Jasraj Sha ; and Pirbhai Rahimbhai Khoja and others.

DISCHARGES.

The following appeared in person and obtained their discharge :—Khadibhai Rajbhai Nugri Bora, Mahomedali Kadibhai Nugri Bora and others, Chotalal Hurivalabdas Sha, James Rufus Casey, Syed Fuku Meya bin Syed Mahomed, Damoodar *alias* Baburao Mokeshwar Sonar, Gunput Nursoo Kalkar and others, Dhondu Shewshunker Rao and another, Parbhu Bhika Sikligar and another, and Purshotum Ruttonjee Kunsar and another.

PETITIONS DISMISSED.

The petitions of the following were dismissed for not filing their schedules :—Tokersi Vasanjee Sha and Gungaram Govindram Purdesi.

## DIVINE SERVICE.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Divine Service will be held at Bandora this evening at half-past eight on the lower floor of Bandora House, late Marine Hotel.

The Rev. C. E. Delamater will preach. All are cordially invited to attend.

## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

*Gazette of India*, June 1.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr C S Middlemiss, offig Depy Supt, 2nd grade, Geological Survey Dept, is confirmed in that grade, with effect from the 1st April, 1889.

Lieut W J Bythell, RE, is appointed to the 2nd grade of Assist Supdts in the Survey of India Dept.

Lieut Bythell joined his appointment on the 29th May, 1889.

Major H A Vincent, offig Second-in-Command, 1st Regt, Central India Horse, is appointed to officiate as Political Agent in Western Malwa, with effect from 29th April, and during the absence on privilege leave of Col H M Buller, or until further orders.

Mr T Price, Senior Apothecary, 1st grade, held charge of the duties of the Civil Surgn at Sibi from the 16th April to the 2nd May, 1889, both days inclusive.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of [illegible] Consul for Sweden and Norway at Moulmein, during the absence of Mr C D Beenken.

The following promotions are made, subject to H M's approval :

Bengal Staff Corps.—To be Major—Capt and Brevet-Major Vernon Ansdell Schalch, 29th May, 1889.

To be Captains.—Lieuts W H M Stewart, and L G B Unwin, 25th May, 1889.

Colonel's Allowance—The undermentioned officers of the Bengal Staff Corps are admitted to the Colonel's allowance, with effect from the dates specified :—Major Genl T G Kennedy, CB. 24th Decr 1887 ; and Major-Genl J P Sherriff, 20th Jany 1889.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Sub.Condr William Devine to be Conductor ; Store Sergt W Cresswell Link, Assist Overseer, Gun Carriage Factory, Fatehgarh, to be Sub-Conductor, seconded, with effect from the 1st March, 1889, vice Condr J Combe, transferred to the pension establishment.

Sub-Condr R J Brown to be Conductor, with effect from the 8th March, 1889, vice Condr J Riddle, transferred to the pension establishment.

Sub-Condr W Thomas, Overseer, Gun Carriage Factory, Fatehgarh, to be Conductor, seconded ; and Sub-Condr W Breakey to be Conductor.—

RETIREMENTS.

Lieut-Col J Fraser, Genl List, Infantry, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 1st June, 1889, subject to H M's approval.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

East Indian Railway Vol Rifle Corps—The Revd Sydney Scott to be Honorary-Chaplain.

3rd Punjab (N-W Railway) Vol Rifle Corps—Color-Sergt A W Bright to be Second Lieut, to complete the establishment.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

First Grade Officer R D C Brownlow, Indian Marine, is granted twelve months' furlough out of India (p a) under para 560, rule I, Marine Regulations, India, vol I.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

The services of Mr W E T Bennett, Assist Engr, 1st grade, N-W Provinces and Oudh, temporarily employed in the Accounts Branch, are re-transferred to the Engr Estabt and placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces.

Major R Gardiner, RE, Class I, Grade 3, Superior Revenue Estabt of State Railways, is granted special leave on urgent private affairs for six months, under section 61 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 29th April, 1889.

Mr E I Shadbolt, Ex Engineer, 3rd grade, is appointed to act as Manager and Engr-in-Chief of the Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar Railway during the absence of Major Gardiner, R E, on leave.

Mr W H Parker, Suptdg Engr, 1st class, and Engr-in-Chief, Patiala-Bhatinda Railway, is promoted to Chief Engr, 3rd class, sub pro tem, with effect from the 20th May, 1889.

Mr E Baker, Exec Engr, 3rd grade, sub pro tem, State Railways, whose services have been lent to the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company, has been granted by the Agent and Chief Engr of that Company furlough for fifteen months, with effect from the 1st July, 1889, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

The transfer of Mr C H Croudace, Exec Engr, 1st grade, to Baluchistan, dated 2nd April, 1889, has effect from the 1st April, 1889.

The services of Mr W McHutching, Ex Engr, 3rd grade, sub pro tem, State Railways, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Dept for employment under the Mysore Durbar.

H E the Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to sanction the revised estimates submitted by the Madras Govt for the construction of the Sangam Anicut Project at a total cost of Rs 38,25,000.

Mr H T Wadley, Assist Engr, 1st grade, State Railways, is transferred from the Establishment under the Chief Commissioner, Burma, to that under the Director-General of Railways for employment on the North-Western Railway.

Mr A G Harrison, Examiner of Accounts, is transferred temporarily from the Office of the Government Examiner of Accounts, East Indian Railway, to that of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use 'The Mexican Hair Renewer,' for it WILL POSITIVELY RESTORE IN EVERY CASE GREY OR WHITE HAIR to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Co., Limited, 33, Farringdon-Road, London, England.

## CALCUTTA COMMERCIAL.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1889.

COMMERCIAL COMPANIES' SHARES.

| STOCKS. | Paid Rs. | ½ year's Divd. | Quotation. Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Agra Pressing Co. | 100 | 4 p. ct. | ... |
| Agricultural Phosphates | 100 | ni.l | 25 |
| Alipore Coal Co. | 100 | nil. | 80 |
| Arakan Oil Co. | Rs. 9 | ..... | Nml. |
| Bally Paper Mills Co. | £10 | 5 ad-int. | 183 |
| Barnagore Jute Factory | £10 | 3½ ad-int | 113 |
| Bengal Coal Co., Ld., | 1000 | 6 p. ct. | 1,740 |
| B. Baragunda Copper (preference A shares) | £1 | ..... | 14 |
| Do. Deferred B Shares | £1 | ..... | 5½ |
| Bengal Ice Manfg. Co. | 100 | nil. | 87 |
| Do. Mills Co., Ld. | £10 | 5 p.ct. | 160 |
| Do. Silk Co., Ld. | 100 | nil. | 65 |
| Do. Telephone Co. | 100 | ..... | 30 |
| Bonded Warehouse | 445 | Rs 15p.sh | 350 |
| Bowreah Cotton Mills | 100 | 3 p. ct. | 74 |
| Budge-Budge J. Mills | 80 | 5 p. ct. | 93 |
| Burrakur Coal Co. | 100 | 8 p. ct. | 107 |
| Calcutta Central Press | 100 | 20 p.ct. | 125 |
| Calcutta Hydraulic | 100 | 7 p. ct. | 110 |
| Do. Steam Co. | 100 | 5 p. ct. | 121 |
| Do. Tramways Co. | £10 | 1¼ p. ct. | 100 |
| Camperdown P. Co., Ld. | 100 | 15 p.ct. | 125 |
| Canal Press Co. | 100 | nil. | 90 |
| Carew & Co., Ld. (Sugar) | 100 | 4 p. ct. | 113 |
| Cawnpur Cotton Mills Co. | 100 | 5 p. ct. | 103 |
| Do. Woollen Mills | 50 | 5 p.ct. | 63 |
| Chitpur Hydraulic P. | 100 | 5 p.ct. | 87 |
| Crown Brewery Musuri | 100 | 9 p. ct. | 110 |
| Crystal Ice Co., Ld. | 100 | 5 p. ct. | 120 |
| Darjeeling Himalayan Ry. Co. | 100 | 5 ad.-int | 137 |
| Do. & K. Hotel Co. | 100 | ..... | 70 |
| Deoghur Ry. Co., Ld. | 100 | 2 p. ct. | 70 |
| unbar Cotton Mills | 100 | nil. | 58 |
| Egerton Woollen Mills Co., Ld. | 100 | nil. | 75 |
| Empress Ind Cotton Co., Ld. | 500 | 4 p. ct. | 420 |
| Equitable Coa. Co., Ld. | 250 | nil. | 180 |
| Fort Gloster Jute Mills | 100 | nil. | 75 |
| Gillon and Co., Lahore | 100 | 10 p.ct. | 100 |
| Gobra Tannery Co., Ld. | 100 | nil. | 80 |
| Goosery Cotton Mills | 200 | 4 p. ct. | 200 |
| Gouripore Co., Ld. | 100 | 10 p. ct. | 130 |
| Great Eastern Hotel | 100 | 2 ad-int. | 85 |
| Hooghly Mills Co., Ld. | 75 | p. ct. | 95 |
| Howrah Docking Co. | 500 | 5 p.sh. | 100 |
| Do. Mills Co., Ld. | 100 | 8 p. ct. | 132 |
| India G. S. N. Co., Ld. | 100 | nil. | 93 |
| Kamerhatty Jute Mills | 50 | 10 p. ct. | 150 |
| Kangra V. S. Co., Ld. | 100 | 8 p.ct. | 110 |
| Kanknarrah C. | 50 | Rs. 3p.sh | 62 |
| Lahore Tramway Co. | 100 | ..... | ... |
| Landing & Shipping Co. | 100 | 5 p. ct. | 79 |
| Lyell & Co., Ld., Allahabad | 100 | 4 p. ct. | 90 |
| Morrison E. & Co., Naini Tal | 100 | nil. | 75 |
| Muir Mills Co., Cotton | 200 | 5 p. ct. | 260 |
| Murree Brewery Co., Ld. | 100 | 12 p.ct. | 145 |
| Naini Tal Brewery Co., Ld. | 100 | 12 p.ct. | 140 |
| Nasmyth's Pat. Press | 100 | 5 p. ct. | 102 |
| New Beerbhoom Coal | 100 | 8 p. ct. | 187 |
| Orissa Coasting S. N. | 75 | nil. | Nml. |
| Planters Stores and Agency Co., Ld. | £10 | 4 p. ct. | £11 |
| Rajmahal Stone Co. | 100 | 5 p. ct. | 75 |
| Ramkistopore Press | 100 | nil. | 40 |
| Raneegunge Coal Asn. | 100 | 4 p. ct | 67 |
| Rangoon Stm. Tramway | 25 | ..... | par. |
| Riverside Press Co. | 100 | nil. | 67 |
| R. Scott Thomson & Co. | 500 | 2½ p. ct. | 245 |
| Scindia Paper Mills Co. | £1 | ..... | Nml. |
| Do. Vendors Shares | £1 | ..... | Nml. |
| Seebpore Jute Manfg. | 100 | 4 p. ct. | 88 |
| Strand Bank Press Co. | 100 | 4 p. ct. | 85 |
| Tarkessur Railway Co. | 100 | 3 p. ct. | 127 |
| Titaghur Paper Mills | 100 | 5 p. ct. | 137 |
| Ditto (New Issue) | 50 | ..... | 20 pre. |
| Union Jute Co., Ld. | 75 | 20 p. ct. | 142 |
| Victoria Mills | 100 | nil. | 100 |
| Watson's Patent Press | 100 | 6 p. ct. | 106 |

TEA COMPANIES' SHARES.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Adulpore Terai (Darij.) | 100 | nil. | a | Liqn. |
| Amluckie | 100 | 7 p. ct. | a | 70 |
| Arcuttipore (Cachar) | 100 | nil. | a | 75 |
| Assam Company | £20 | 5 ad.-int. | | 60 |
| Baintbarrie Tea Co., Ld. | 100 | 10 p.ct. | a | 135 |
| Balasun (Darjeeling) | 100 | 8 p.c.t. | | 95 |
| Bengal (Cachar) | 100 | nil. | a | 46 |
| Do. Contributory | 80 | nil. | a | 30 |
| Bishnath (Assam) | 200 | 6 ad-int | | 230 |
| Do. Contributory | 100 | 6 ad-int | | 115 |
| Borelli (Assam) | [illegible] | | | |
| Burkholah (Cachar) | 100 | 4 p. ct. | a | 38 |
| Central (Cachar) | 200 | 4 p. ct. | a | 112 |
| Do. Terai (Darj.) | 100 | nil. | a | 35 |
| Chandypore (Cachar) | 100 | nil. | a | 33 |
| Chenga | 100 | nil | a | ... |
| Cherra (Cachar) | £10 | 3½ | | 75 |
| Chota Nagpore | 100 | nil. | a | 34 |
| Chumta Tea Co. | 100 | nil. | a | Liqn. |
| Cocheela (Cachar) | 100 | nil. | a | 22 |
| Cuttecherra (Cachar) | 100 | nil. | a | 100 |
| Darg. Tea & Cinchona | 100 | 15 p.ct. | a | 140 |
| Dehing (Assam) | 90 | 5 p. ct. | a | 53 |
| Dehra Doon | 100 | 4½ p.ct. | a | 45 |
| Dejoo (Assam) | £10 | 5 p. ct. | | 110 |
| Dessai & Parbutia (Assam) | 100 | nil. | a | 82 |
| Dhunsiri | 100 | nil. | a | 41 |
| Doom Dooma, Ordinary | £10 | 4 ad-int | | 136 |
| Do. do. A | £10 | 4 ad-int | | 156 |
| Do. do. B | £10 | 4 ad-int | | 168 |
| Durrung (Assam) | 100 | 5 p.ct. | | 48 |
| Eastern Cachar | 100 | nil. | a | 30 |
| East India Assam & Cachar | £10 | 3 p. ct. | | 37 |
| Endogram (Cachar) | 100 | ..... | | Nml. |
| Gielle (Darjeeling) | 100 | 6 p. ct. | | 64 |
| Good Hope Tea Co. | 100 | 20 p.ct. | a | 250 |
| Goomtee Tea | 100 | 2 p. ct. | c | Liqn. |
| Grob (Assam) | 100 | nil. | a | 27 |
| Gyabaree (Darjeeling) | 100 | nil. | a | 45 |
| Holta (Kangra) | 100 | nil. | a | 58 |
| Hoolmaree (Assam) | 100 | 10 p. ct. | | 110 |
| Hoolungorie (Assam) | 100 | 6 p. ct. | a | 72 |
| Hopetown | 100 | nil. | a | 100 |
| Do. Contributory | 100 | nil. | a | 100 |
| Hotewar (Chota Nagpore) | 100 | 2½ p.ct. | a | 100 |
| Hunwal (Assam) | £10 | 3 p.-ct | a | 100 |
| Indian Terai | 500 | 10 p. ct. | a | 500 |
| Iringmara (Cachar) | 100 | 13 p. ct. | c | 100 |
| Jetinga Val (Cachar) | 100 | 10 p. ct. | a | 67 |
| Jhansie Tea Assn., Ld. | £5 | 4 ad int. | | 70 |
| Jinglam Darjeeling | 100 | nil. | a | 92 |
| Jokai (Assam) | £10 | 5 ad.-int. | | 200 |
| Kalacherra (Cachar) | 100 | nil. | a | 20 |
| Kamptie Gwallie (Assam) | 100 | 5 p. ct. | | par. |
| Khobong (Assam) A | 100 | 10 p.ct. | a | 105 |
| Do. do. B | 100 | 4 p. ct. | a | 120 |
| Kornafuli (Chittg.) | 60 | nil. | a | 68 |
| Kousanie | 100 | 3 p. ct. | a | Nml. |
| Kunchunpore (Cachar) | 100 | nil. | a | 7 |
| Kurseong & Darjeeling | 250 | 2 p. ct. | a | 118 |
| Do. Contributory | 200 | 2 p. ct. | a | 94 |
| Kuttal (Cachar) | 100 | 15 p.ct. | a | 200 |
| Lakatoora (Sylhet) | 100 | 5p.ct. | a | 43 |
| Leesh River (W. Doors) | £10 | 4 p. ct. | a | par. |
| Longview (Dar.) | £100 | 6p. ct. | a | 54 |
| Loobah | 100 | 7 p. ct. | a | 120 |
| Lower Assam | £7 | nil. | c | 5 |
| Do. Darjeeling | 100 | nil. | a | Nml. |
| Luckimpore, Assam | £10 | 6 p. ct. | | 70 |
| Majagram (Cachar) | 100 | nil. | a | 19 |
| Mesai Tea Co. | 100 | 12 p. ct. | a | 88 |
| Mim Tea Co. | 100 | 8 p. ct. | a | 88 |
| Mohurgung Tea Co. | 100 | 7½ p. ct. | a | 51 |
| Monacherra (Cachar) | 100 | nil. | a | 20 |
| Do. Contributory | 90 | nil. | a | 17 |
| Moran, Assam | 180 | ..... | | 30 |
| Mothola, Assam | 100 | 12 p. ct. | | 110 |
| Do. contributory | 90 | 12 p. ct. | | 110 |
| Munjha (Darjg. Tea) | 100 | nil. | a | 30 |
| Mungledye, Assam Tea | £10 | nil. | c | ... |
| Naga Dhoolie Tea Co. | 100 | 9½ p. ct. | | 100 |
| New Gola Ghat, Assam | £10 | ..... | | Lqdn. |
| New Mutual (Cachar) | 30 | nil. | a | 100 |
| North Western Cachar | 100 | nil. | a | 32 |
| Okayta Tea Co., Ld. | 65 | ..... | | 65 |
| Phœnix of (Cachar) | 85 | nil. | a | 33 |
| Pankabaree (Darjg.) | 100 | 5 p. ct. | a | 65 |
| Pashok (Darjeeling) | 100 | 8 p. ct. | a | 86 |
| Phoolbaree Tea C., Ld. | 100 | 10 p. ct. | a | 82 |
| Puttareah (Sylhet) | 100 | nil. | a | 40 |
| Rajabaree (Assam) | 100 | 9 p. ct. | a | 84 |
| Ring Tong (Darjg.) | 100 | nil. | a | 41 |
| Rungamatee (Cachar) | 100 | 2 p. ct. | c | 26 |
| Runglee Rungliot | 100 | 13 p. ct. | | 110 |
| Sapakati Tea Co. | 100 | 3 p. ct. | a | 103 |
| Second Mutual, Cachar | 56 | nil. | a | 4-5 |
| Second Fallodhi | 100 | 5 p. ct. | a | 65 |
| Selim Tea Co., Ld. | 100 | nil. | c | 38 |
| Singbulli & Murmah | 100 | 6 p. ct. | | 91 |
| Singell (Darjeeling) | 100 | 4½ p. ct. | a | 65 |
| Singlo Tea Co. | 100 | 10 p. ct. | | 120 |
| Sington Tea Co., Ld. | 100 | 10 p. ct. | | 105 |
| Soom (Darjeeling) | 100 | 8 p. ct. | a | 85 |

*d.* nt. Ad-interim dividend on crop of 1888.
*a*—Total dividend on crop of 1888.
*c*—Total dividend on crop of 1887.
*d*—Dividend for the year.
*b*—Buyer.

## THE WEATHER.

Observations taken at 8 a.m. to-day. BOMBAY, JUNE 5.

| STATIONS. | Barometric Pressure. 8 a.m. | Barometric Pressure. Change in past 24 hours. | Barometric Pressure. Variation from normal. | Wind. Direction. | Wind. Rate per hour. | Temperature in Shade. 8 a.m. | Temperature in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours. | Temperature in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours. | Temperature in Shade. Variation from mean of day. | Humidity. | Cloud. | Rainfall. Past 24 hours. | Rainfall. Since 10th May to date. | Rainfall. Variation 10th May to date. | Weather in past 24 h

## SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

"PURE MARSALA," as used at the Union Club, Malta. Choice Old Particular, and Old Particular. Imported direct by PHIPSON and Co.

FLOWERY, EXTRA FINE and UNSORTED ORANGE PEKOE TEAS from Colonel Hawes' Tea Estate at Rs. 1-12, 1-10, and 1-6 per lb., are the Favorite Teas. Largely consumed by Regimental Messes and Officers of the Military and Civil Services throughout India. MORTON, MAJU & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

MOONLIGHT CONCERT, THIS EVENING at 8 p.m., in grounds of Byculla Wesleyan Methodist Chapel. Admission free. Collection.

TO LET.—SPACIOUS SHOP with Top Floor and Terrace in front at Pydhoney, next to F. Bros Dispensary, now used as Boarding House. Apply to H. B. JEEJEEBHOY.

AN almost new D.-B. B.-L. C.-F. ·500 EXPRESS RIFLE by "Albert Gredner," of London, in case complete, a beautiful weapon. Apply CRAWFORD & Co.

TO YOUNG LADIES.—The usual special French M. Class will begin on MONDAY next.—O. S. PEDRAZA, 1, Church Gate Street.

OUR exceptionally Low Prices in Crockery, Cutlery, and Glassware are acknowledged by all in the first dealing with us. Compare and be satisfied with SHROFF BROTHERS.

EMMA BRAINERD RYDER, M.D., Consultation Rooms at Albert Hall (Alexandra Girls' School), Fort.—Hours 7 to 10 a. m. and 4 to 6 p. m.

TEMPLE BAR HOTEL, Rampart Row, Bombay. Terms per diem, Rs. 4. Breakfast and Tiffin, Rs. 1 each; Dinner, Rs. 2.

THE BYCULLA SCOTTISH SCHOOL and the JOHN CONNON HIGH SCHOOL will be RE-OPENED by Mr. MacDonald on MONDAY, the 10th June 1889.

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" " " Bi-weekly
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TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER
AT THE
FORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS IN GUJARAT,
BEING
REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,
WITH
Appendix containing the Resolutions of the Bombay Government, dated the 26th March and 25th July, 1884, respectively.
Price, 1 Re.; postage, 1 Anna.
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Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 66.
Or 24 do. do. " 36.
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Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 72.
Or 24 do. do. " 38.

Zinc lined Packing Case, Rs. 25 extra. Delivered free at any Railway Stations, Bombay or Poona.

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AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1889.
Printed and published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1889 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the [illegible] made by the city in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the various new public buildings which have been completed during the year.

The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

Agents for Maclean's Guide to Bombay.
Messrs. COOPER, MADON AND Co.,
Branch Establishment, East Street, Poona.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO—
41, MEADOWS, STREET, BOMBAY.

BONA FIDE SALE
Of the unserviceable stores of the Bombay Port Trust at Elphinstone Bunder, Store Office.

Under instructions from the Bombay Port Trust, Messrs SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co will sell by Public Auction at the above mentioned place a large quantity of unserviceable stores.

On TUESDAY, the 11th day of June, sale to commence at 1 p.m. as follows, viz:—
A quantity of cements, castings, irons, tools in great varities, screws, bolts, nuts, empty drums, beltings, leather hoses, window glasses, blacksmiths' bellows, and lots of irons, &c.
The property is now on view.
Terms—Cash will be required at the time of knocking down the lots, and goods should be removed very next day.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.
Bombay, June 6, 1889.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 6th instant, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual Weekly Auction Sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, twist, &c.
6 bales table cloth.
4 " white handkerchiefs.
3 cases white mulls.
1 " shirtings.
1 " China silk piece-goods.
6 " cotton umbrellas.
70 " Pilson's beer.
20 " mineral water.
On account of the concerned.
14 packages iron gate railings ex "Europa."

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT BENGALPOORA OR TAN TANPOORA.

Under instructions from the mortgagee, Mr. Rahimtoola Peerbhoy, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 11th June, at 4 p. m. at the premises, the following property, on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Khoja Fazulbhoy Ruttonsey:—
All that and those two pieces or parcels of Fazandary land or ground, the first piece of land of the premises containing by admeasurement 265 square yards, and the second piece on northern side, adjoining gulley, containing 22 2-9 square yards, in aggregate containing by admeasurement 287 2-9 square yards or thereabouts, together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying, and being without the Fort of Bombay, fronting on the east side of Dongri Tan Tanpoora or Bengalpoora, or otherwise called Bengalpoora, Oomercarry Road, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under ward No. 2951, and street Nos. 77 and 83, and bounded on the east partly by the house of the said Ladhabhoy Ebrahim and partly by the house of Babajee Kesowjee, on the south by the house of Hasumbhoy Visram, on the west by the said Dongri Tan Tanpoora or Bengalpoora, Oomercarry Road, and on the north by the property of Goreji Mahasagur, and which said land, hereditaments and premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Fazulbhoy Ruttonsey.
The said sale will be subject to the prior mortgage claim of Khoja Ludhabhoy Ebrahim for the Rs. 7,000, Rs. 3,000, Rs. 5,000 respectively, with interest under three several indentures dated 19th March, 18th June, and 25th August, 1887, respectively, and made between the said Fazulbhoy Ruttonsey of the one part, and the said Ludhabhoy Ebrahim of the other part.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Thakurdas, Dharamsi, and Cama, Solicitors, at their office No. 23, Rampart Row, Fort.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, June 6, 1889.


## COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 5.

MONDAY'S quotations are repeated for every item in Reuter's London financial telegram of yesterday evening.

In General Produce Wheat continued steady, and no change in prices took place. Linseed was firm, and Calcutta seed was 6d. per quarter higher to arrive by either route; but Liverpool quality was 3d. per quarter lower; Bombay seed being unchanged at 41s. 6d. per quarter to arrive. Rapeseed was quiet, and Calcutta Brown, to arrive, was 6d. per quarter lower, Yellow Cawnpore being unaltered.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady again yesterday and Surats quiet; but the sales were on a smaller scale, aggregating only 7,000 bales, inclusive, however, of 800 Surats. The price of Mid-Uplands remained at 6d. per lb., and Surats were without change; but American arrivals were 1-32d. higher for June-July and September-October deliveries and 1-64d. up in other positions. The Imports were heavy at 20,000 bales. The Manchester Market was quiet and unchanged.

There was at length some movement in spot Cotton in New York yesterday, Mid-Uplands having advanced 1-16 cent, say to 11 3-16 cents, and September Futures were 3 points higher, at 10·18 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were again 1,000 bales, and the total figures for 3 years now give the following comparison:—

| | 1889. | 1888. | 1887. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tuesday's Receipts ..... | 1,000 | 4,300 | 900 |
| Three days' Receipts ... | 3,000 | 10,900 | 2,500 |
| Since 1st Sept. 1888..... | 5,462,000 | 5,378,400 | 5,176,600 |

*Apropos* of the proposed substitution of Cotton for Jute covering of Cotton bales in America, Reuter gives, as unpublished news by mail, the following advices under date New York, 17th May:—"The Convention of Cotton Planters held at Birmingham (Michigan) declined the offer made by the Jute manufacturers to supply bagging at fair prices, fearing that the price would be again advanced. The Convention appointed a Committee to secure from purchasers and manufacturers an allowance on Cotton covered in cotton bagging of at least 8lb. per bale at the market price when sold. The Southern manufacturers agreed to allow 10 cents per cwt. on Cotton wrapped on cotton bagging."

Business in our local Cotton Market has been upon a small scale to-day, the total reported purchases falling short of 1,000 bales, consisting mainly of Dharwar at Rs. 223½ and Karanja at Rs. 217, but including a little Wadwan at Rs. 213½ and Akola at Rs. 210 per candy. The tone of the market has been quiet throughout, and the price of the Dharwar is again Rs. 2 per candy lower, but quotations for other growths are unaltered.

WHEAT.—There has not been much accession of business in this market to-day, but the feeling has become firm, and White Pessy of both qualities has advanced 1 anna per cwt., say to Rs. 4-9 and Rs. 4-8, respectively, other descriptions remaining unchanged in value and not much enquired for.

SEEDS.—A good deal has been done to-day, especially in *Linseed*, the price of which is ½ an anna per cwt. higher, at Rs. 6-14-6 to Rs. 7 per cwt., and the market is steady all round at previous quotations for all other kinds.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cotton ... ... ... | ... | 5,941 bales. |
| Wheat ... ... ... | ... | 16,273 cwt. |
| Linseed... ... ... | ... | 8,302 " |
| Rapeseed ... ... | ... | 11,460 " |
| Poppyseed ... ... | ... | 1,682 " |
| Groundnuts ... ... | ... | 581 " |
| Castorseed ... ... | ... | 2,886 " |

FREIGHTS keep steady, not to say firm. Business for Liverpool has been done to-day at 21s. 3d.; and for Dunkirk cargo has been booked at 18s. 9d. to 19s. 6d. per ton.

EXCHANGE opened steady again at yesterday's closing quotations, from which no change has taken place during the day. Forward Bank Telegraphic has been offering at 1s. 4 3-32d. for next month, and at 1s. 4 1-16d. for August transfer, without finding takers, and generally scarcely any business has been done. We call the market at closing steady, almost firm, pending the receipt of news regarding Council allotments. We quote ready:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bank Bills on demand... | 1s. 4½d. | per rupee. |
| Do. Telegraphic..... | 1s. 4½d. | " |
| Do. 3 months' sight. | 1s. 4 3-16d. | " |
| Credits do. ..... | 1s. 4 9-32d. | " |
| Francs do. ..... | 1·71½ | " |

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been quiet again to-day as to business, scarcely anything having been done for Money or booked for Account; but the tone has been strong at 100⅜ for Four per cents for cash, 100½ for the next settlement, and 100 9-16 for the end of July, with buyers on the last two lines. 104½ nominal is still quoted for 4½ per cents.

SHARES.—This market has been closed to-day owing to the death of the son of the Parsee High Priest.

### BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

| | Shares. | Amt. | Paid up. | Last Dividend. | Cash Rates. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| INDIAN BANKS. | | Rs. | Rs. | | |
| Bank of Bombay ..... | 20,000 | 500 | All | 13 pct. | 987½ |
| Bank of Bengal ..... | 12,000 | 500 | All | 10 do. | 1,000 |
| Bank of Madras..... | 10,000 | 500 | All | 11 do. | 935 |
| EXCHANGE BANKS. | | £ | £ | | |
| Agra Bank ..... | 10,000 | 100 | All | 6 do. | 122 |
| Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation ..... | 60,000 | 3,125 | .. | 17½ do. | 419 |
| National Bank of India..... | 37,320 | 250 | 125 | 5 do. | 149 |

MISCELLANEOUS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alcock Ashdown & Co., Ld..... | 1,000 / 750 | 200 / 150 | 200 / 150 | 10 / p.ct | 200 / 150 |
| Badham Pile& Co., Ld. | 4,000 | 100 | 100 | Rs. 16 | 160 |
| Bapt Co., d..... | 625 | | 185 | Nil. | 83 |
| Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld... | | 00 | 0 | 6 p.c. | 506 |
| Bombay Flour Mill Co. | 750 | 500 | 500 | 10 p.c. | 655 |
| Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited. | 1,250 | 100 | 100 | 5 Rs. 5 | 78 |
| Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation. | 1,000 | 2,500 | 165 | Rs. | 3,400 |
| Do. (3rd Issue) ... | 2,000 | 62 | 375 | Rs. | 850 |
| Bombay Municipal Bonds ..... | ... | ... | ... | p.c. | 105 |
| Clydesdale Dyeing Co. | 1,000 | 500 | 500 | ... | 155 |
| Cooper, Madon & Co., Ld..... | 3,000 | 100 | 100 | Rs | 12 |
| Deccan Paper Mills .... | 1,000 | 500 | 500 | Nil | 470 |
| Geyer & Co., Ld. | 500 | 100 | 40 | ... | 40 |
| Indian Guaranteed Surety ship Association ..... | 5,000 | 100 | 10 | 10 p.c. | 11 |
| Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited | 42,000 | 25 | 25 | | 3½ |
| Kurrachee Lighterage Co., Ld. ..... | 500 | 250 | 250 | ... | 105 |
| Kemp & Co., Ld..... | 4,000 | 200 | 175 | Rs 35 | 387 |
| Marcks & Co., Ld..... | 4,000 | 00 | 100 | Rs. 10 | 95 |
| Napier Hotel Co..... | 300 | 100 | 100 | 13 p.c. | 100 |
| Napier Foundry and M'fg. Co. | 1,500 | 100 | 100 | ... | |
| Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company ... | 5,000 | 200 | 50 | 10 p.c. | 215 |
| Oriental Loan Association ..... | 5,000 | 20 | 20 | 8 p.s. | 21 |
| Port Canning Co. ..... | 6,000 | 000 | 1000 | Rs. 19 | 367½ |
| Royal Flour Mills ..... | 2,000 | 100 | 100 | Nil | 55 |
| Phillips & Co., Ld..... | 4,000 | 100 | 100 | Rs. | 112 |
| Soundy & Co., Ld..... | 1,000 | 100 | ... | 9 p.c. | 90 |
| Southwell and Austin. | 1,000 | ... | 95 | ... | 105 |
| Telephone Co., Ld..... | 19,000 | 25 | 500 | Rs. 5-8 | 8 |
| Treacher & Co., Ld.... | 1,305 | 500 | 100 | Rs. 90 | 1310 |
| Thacker & Co., Ld.... | 1,500 | 100 | | Rs. 10 | 150 |
| Western India Flour Mills ..... | 000 | 1 | 125 | Nil. | 37 40 |
| M. M. Mody & Co..... | | | | | |

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock ..... | ... | £100 | All | at 5 p.c | 2,530 |
| B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent... | ... | £ 18 | ... | at 5 p.c | 475 |

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bombay Fire Insurance Co ..... | 600 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 100 | 1,050 |
| Empire Fire Insurance Co ..... | .. | 5,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 75 | 700 |
| Indian Fire Insurance Co ..... | 110 | 4,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 90 | 1,000 |
| Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Co ..... | 250 | 8,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 100 | 1,900 |

### GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

| | |
|---|---|
| Four per cent ..... | 100½ |
| Four-and-a-half per cent..... | 104½ |
| Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans ..... | 108 |
| 5 per cent. Municipal Loan House Rate.... | .. |
| New French Loan 5 pr. ct. 1872..... | .. |
| City of Paris Loan ..... | 232 |
| Port Trust Bonds..... | 97½ |

## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

HILL—COLLIN—June 1, at St. Thomas' Cathedral, Bombay, by the Rev. E. S. Hall, M.A., George James Hill, only son of J. Hill, Bombay, to Eleanor Elizabeth (Nellie), second daughter of Captain R. Collin, s. s. Sultan.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BRYANT—June 1, at Nellore, the wife of Mr S Bryant, Traffic Dept. S I Ry, of a son.
GOMPERTZ—June 1, at Bangalore, the wife of Major B T M Gompertz, M S C, of a son.
LYNSDALE—May 27, at Napier Park, Madras, the wife of A W Lynsdale, Madras Medical Service, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

BYRNE—COMFORT—May 23, at Bangalore, by the Very Rev Father Quenard, in the Roman Catholic Cathedral, Mr L C Byrne, Postal Department, to Edith, eldest daughter of Joseph Comfort, Esq. of Melbourne.

DEATHS.

ATKINS—May 30, at Gudalur, Phyllis, infant daughter of Mr H G Atkins, aged 2 months and 25 days.
BLACK—May 23, at Rilore, Godavari District, of heat apoplexy Frank Charles Black, Esq., Local Fund Engineer, aged 49.


# The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, JUNE 6, 1889.


THE subject of leprosy, which was brought before our Municipal Corporation in the beginning of last month and is now at length a subject of police investigation in Bombay, is discussed in two of the English magazines. In *Longman's* Mr. Archibald Ballantyne has an article on "Father Damien and the Lepers" and in the *Nineteenth Century* Mr. Edward Clifford gives a graphic account of a visit he paid in the end of last year to Father Damien and the leper settlement in Molokai, to which that heroic priest had devoted himself in a spirit of true Christian charity. The experience contained in these two articles, besides giving an account of as noble an act of self-sacrifice as Christianity has ever produced, ought to be invaluable when the Supreme Government or the Bombay Government gives the police and the municipality the powers necessary for effectually grappling with the evil that obtrudes itself on our notice so horribly in the most crowded parts of the island. The present state of affairs in Bombay is a reproach to our civilization, and cannot last. Leprosy was once as prevalent in Europe as it now is in the East. In the middle ages it is estimated that there were 19,000 leper-houses in Europe, of which 95 were in England. Bands of lepers might then be seen wandering about England, France, Italy, and other European countries clad in long grey gowns with their faces enveloped in hoods, and with rattles in their hands to warn everybody to keep out of their way. They were not allowed to associate with the healthy in church or hostelry, and were even forbidden to wash in the streams or walk in narrow footpaths. These strict regulations separating lepers from the rest of mankind, assisted by progress in medical science, have practically extirpated the disease in the West, except in Norway and one or two other limited regions. The same good effect must be produced in that part of the East which has come under the influence of Western civilisation. Or at least, if in tropical climates the disease should prove to be ineradicable, measures must at least be taken to ameliorate the condition of the diseased and prevent them from coming into contact with the healthy. This is effectually done in the Sandwich Islands, which, strange to relate, in this respect set an example to be followed by British India. The leper settlement at Molokai was, however, at first an example to be shunned. As originally managed, it sacrificed the unfortunate lepers to the good of the community. In the year 1865 the Hawaiian Legislature passed an Act establishing a leper settlement in the island of Molokai to which all the lepers of the Hawaii Islands without exception were to be sent; Molokai is the smallest of the islands, being only thirty-five miles long and seven miles wide. "Along the north shore of the island stretches a wide grassy plain forming a peninsula projecting from the main body of the island; and behind this plain rises a precipitous, almost perpendicular, wall of crags from two to three thousand feet in height. This line of island mountain cliffs—a practically impassable barrier, extending from east to west—cuts off the northern part of the little island from any contact with the remainder and makes all approach to it impossible, except by sea. On this pleasant, sunny, grassy site of some six thousand acres of very fertile soil, imprisoned between the mountain wall and the sea, stands the settlement assigned to the Hawaiian lepers. There are two villages two or three miles apart. On the eastern side, at the base of the mountains, is the village Kalawao, and in the corresponding situation on the western side the village Kalanpapa. The western village is the port, and, though there is access to the shore at the extreme eastern point of Kalawao, it is practically the island's sole means of communication with the world outside." Between 1866 and 1885 more than three thousand lepers were removed to the settlement.

No one with the taint of leprosy was allowed to escape deportation. Even a cousin of the Queen's was sent away among the other lepers. At first the condition of the unfortunate emigrants was cruel in the extreme. As they were banished for the welfare of the community, every effort should have been made to mitigate as far as possible the horrors of their necessarily miserable lot. This was not done. The lepers were given little else besides the land and a few grass thatched huts, and were expected almost without assistance to form themselves into a self-supporting colony. But this was expecting far too much of a body of human beings all of whom were more or less incapacitated for work by disease. The strong worked for themselves, the weak were neglected and suffered to perish miserably for want of food, clothing, and protection against the wind and the rain. "There was no one to superintend the settlement; the housing and supplies of food and clothing were perfectly lamentable; for the sufferers who were in the last stages of the disease there were no nurses—not even a hospital. It is hardly credible, but it is a fact, that there was not a doctor in the island. No wonder that in such circumstances as these the settlement soon fell into a state of frightful disorder. The physical horror of the place was hardly greater than its lawlessness, vice, and debauchery. Most miserable, squalid, and abandoned were the hundreds of quarrelling, drinking, dying lepers." This was the state of affairs in 1873, when a young Belgian Roman Catholic priest called Damien de Keuster determined to sacrifice himself for these miserable outcastes. "Father Damien was then thirty-three years of age, and in strong, robust health. He was a man of education and refinement, who might reasonably have looked forward to advancement in the church. But he voluntarily sacrificed his future, dooming himself to live and of course sooner rather than later to die in a horror-stricken islet of the Pacific." For eleven years he remained uninfected, but at the end of that period the first signs of leprosy began to show themselves, and the terrible doom he had braved came upon him. But his great self-sacrifice had not been without effect. He succeeded in decidedly ameliorating the condition of the unfortunate beings with whom he had thrown in his lot. When he arrived in 1873 the condition of the unfortunate beings was not quite as bad as it had originally been, but it was still so bad that it is difficult to imagine anything worse. In his official report addressed to the Hawaiian Board of Health he described as follows the condition of the eight hundred lepers whom he found in the island on his arrival. In miserable grass huts "were living pell-mell, without distinction of ages or sex, old or new cases, all more or less strangers to one another, these unfortunate outcasts of society. They passed their time in playing cards, hula (a native dance), drinking fermented ki-root beer, home-made alcohol, and with the sequels of all this." But from the date of Father Damien's arrival everything gradually changed for the better. The Hawaiian Government began to take an interest in the settlement, and built there comfortable cottages raised on trestles so as to be removed from contact with the earth. The King and Queen came to pay a visit to Molokai and see with their own eyes what was wanted. A good water-supply was provided and five churches have been built, one of them partly by Father Damien's own hands. There are hospitals on the islands, a doctor, Dr. Swift, and nurses to attend on the sick. The tale of Father Damien's heroism has been spread over the civilised world and has done good in two ways. It has attracted to the island charitable gifts, so that the settlement is not entirely dependent on the limited resources of the Hawaiian Government.

Best of all, Father Damien's example has been imitated. Two other priests, two lay brothers, and three Franciscan sisters now assist in the good work, and under their combined care the morality and happiness of the island have improved. Some bigots indeed lament that this field of work is for the most part engrossed by Roman Catholics. Such was the secretary of an "obscure and rabidly ultra-Protestant Society" who discovered Father Damien to be an idolatrous priest of Antichrist and a devotee of Baal, whose labour among the lepers only made them twofold more children of hell than himself. With anything approaching such violent sectarianism little sympathy will be felt anywhere in India, where we have learned to judge men by the fruit of their works. But it should be mentioned that Protestants, though later in the field, have not neglected it. Of the five churches in Molokai two are Protestant, and several Protestant philanthropists have strengthened Father Damien's hands by sending him money and other presents. Under the combined efforts of Father Damien and his fellow-workers, Roman Catholic and Protestant, the condition of the island has so much improved that Mr. Clifford can write that he "knows many sadder places than Molokai, with its soft breezes, its towering cliffs, and its sapphire sea," and that there "the faces one sees are nearly happy faces." Similar is the account given of the present state of the island by Mr. Ballantyne. He tells us that "now it is a peaceful, law-abiding community, presenting an attractive and even on some sides a cheerful appearance. It is a colony of neat, whitewashed wooden cottages, some of them standing in the pasture-lands, some among fields of sweet potatoes, some even having their verandahs and gardens of bananas and sugarcanes. . . . In spite of their hopeless condition, it seems they are not really unhappy; they are fortunately not deprived of their share of that cheerfulness which is one of the marked characteristics of the Hawaiian people. Like their happier kinsfolk, they adorn themselves with wreaths of flowers in the pretty Hawaiian fashion; they have their company of Volunteers, and their very popular band of music. They carry out, as far as they can, the life of an ordinary Hawaiian village. Some of them weave mats; some open little shops for the sale of tobacco and small native trifles. All of them keep to the last their love of ornament, of bright colours and especially of flowers. On one occasion they even had a grand ball in their hospital!" A dance of lepers! These accounts show that it is really possible to defend the public against leprosy, and at the same time to benefit the condition of the lepers themselves. We already have a nucleus for the formation of a similar settlement in the leper asylum founded by the Allbless family at Trombay. This asylum should be assisted by the State, and become the centre of a leper colony in Trombay, to which all the lepers in Bombay and the country round should be deported. It is not even impossible that in such a settlement the lepers might not only be isolated but also cured. Leprosy has long been regarded as an incurable disease, but Mr. E. Clifford took to Molokai an oil which he firmly believed to be an efficacious cure. Gurjun oil is, no doubt, known to the medical profession, but its supposed good effects should have in this country all the publicity that a daily paper can give it. We learn from Mr. Clifford's article that it "is the produce of a fir tree which grows plentifully in the Andaman Islands. Its efficacy was first dicovered by Dr. Dougall, and I am assured by Sir Donald Stewart, who was then Governor of the Islands, and who has sent me the official medical report, that every single case in the place was cured by it. The lepers were convicts, and it was therefore possible to enforce four hours a day of rubbing the ointment all over their bodies and the taking of two small doses internally. In some of the cases the disease was of many years' standing, and the state to which it had reduced its victims was indescribably dreadful, yet after eight months the sufferers were able to run and to use a heavy pickaxe, and every symptom of leprosy had disappeared." A cure so attested ought to be thoroughly tried by individual sufferers and in hospitals in British India, as well as in every other part of the world where leprosy is prevalent.

THERE is still a deal of mystery as to the whereabouts of Stanley. Sir F. de Winton, at a meeting of the Royal Geographical Society in the middle of May, assured the distinguished company present that the object of the Emin Relief Expedition had been "entirely and successfully carried out." Not only had succour been sent to Emin, but Emin had been assured of the feeling of Great Britain towards him. It was hardly worth while to send an expedition across Africa to give Emin the assurance of the distinguished consideration of Great Britain. As Mr. H. Waller pointed out, many people have been struck by the fact that Emin Bey, who is an excellent correspondent, and has many friends and correspondents in Germany and in England, has left them all without as much as a line. We have ourselves drawn attention to the curious circumstance that while Stanley wrote a letter to Tippoo Tib, which has reached Europe and been published in all languages, the indefatigable explorer did not send a report or despatch of any kind to the King of the Belgians, whose agent he is. The note to Tippoo Tib did not give a single indication as to the intention of either Emin or himself. Even Sir F. de Winton confesses that he cannot gather that Stanley and Emin were at all certain as to what should be the future, whether they would return together, or whether Stanley would come back alone. Stanley left Bonalya on the 4th September 1888. This would have given him nearly four months to arrive at the Albert Nyanza by Christmas; but since Christmas five months have elapsed and nothing further has been heard of him. A statement in the London edition of the *New York Herald*, that it is "understood" that Stanley is making his way to Zanzibar, and that he will go straight home to London through the Suez Canal "within three months from to-day," ignores the fact that all that part of Africa is in the hands of the Arabs whose ascendancy would render such a march very difficult and perilous. It is to be noted that Stanley's letter mentions the use by one of the tribes of poisoned arrows. If this be indeed true, the situation is by no means improved. Sir Henry Maine in his work on International Law speaks of the entire success with which the Indians of Central America resisted the Spanish invaders owing to their use of poisoned arrows, and went so far as to affirm that, had the Peruvians been possessed of the secret, Pizarro and his followers could not have overthrown the Incas, and the Peruvian civilisation might have survived to our own days. It would appear that Stanley is in error as to the nature of the poison used by the Tikki-Tikki. The poison, Stanley supposed, would kill in twenty minutes, but his followers died seven days after the fight. Dr. Felkin believes that the deaths must have taken place, not from poison, but from tetanus. It is to be hoped that this will turn out to be the true explanation, for if Stanley's surmise be well founded, the prospect for him and for his naked followers would be dark indeed.

THE Chins lately have shown much activity, and have frequently entered Fort White under cover of darkness. On the morning of the 31st ult., at about 3 o'clock, Fort White was attacked by a large band of Chins from the Siyin Sagyi tribe, but the attack was repulsed by our troops without any casualty on our side after heavy firing had been kept up for about half an hour. The Chin loss is unknown.

THE new edition of the Financial Codes—the Civil Pension Code, Civil Leave Code, and Pay and Acting Allowance Code—is not only to be remodelled, as we stated the other day, but is to be re-christened. The new volume is now in the Calcutta Government Press, and will be issued in the course of a few weeks under the title "Civil Service Regulations."

MR. ARTHUR BARRETT, Professor of English Literature in Elphinstone College, has been offered, and has accepted the offer of the appointment of Acting Director of Public Instruction, Berar, during the absence on leave of the permanent incumbent.

H. H. THE RAJA of Cochin has given Rs. 500 more—in addition to Rs. 1,000 given by H. H. some time ago—in aid of the English translation of the Mahabharata by Babu Pratapa Chandra Roy, C.I.E.

THE Sawai Maharaja of Ajaighar, in Bundelkhand, held a public meeting of the principal inhabitants of his State on the 25th ultimo, with a view of organising a movement against child-marriage. The Maharaja himself delivered an address on the evils of the system, after which a committee was formed to take practical steps towards setting reform on foot.

MR. MACKENZIE will not take his leave from the Central Provinces for some little time to come and it has been arranged that Mr. Robert Crosthwaite will join the Legislative Council at once to put the Central Provinces bills *en train*. Mr. Venning will officiate as Judicial Commissioner in

# TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

## THE DERBY.

LONDON, JUNE 5.

The following is the result of the race for the Derby :—

Duke of Portland's Donovan ..... 1
Mr. J. Gretton's Miguel ..... 2
Mr. Douglas Baird's Eldorado ..... 3

## SUEZ CANAL COMPANY'S REPORT.

LONDON, JUNE 5.

The report of the Suez Canal Company shows that the profits for the year amount to thirty-six millions of francs, and the directors are therefore enabled to declare a dividend of sixty-four francs thirty-eight cents per share. The report states that the night traffic is forty-six per cent. of the whole, and points in conclusion to the increase in the trade with the Far East.

## TERRIFIC HURRICANE AT HONGKONG.

Hongkong has been visited by a terrific hurricane, in which ten thousand lives have been lost and enormous damage done to property.

## THE HONGKONG HURRICANE CONTRADICTED.

LONDON, JUNE 5.

There is no truth in the terrific hurricane at Hongkong with heavy loss of life and property. The canard originated in the American press.

## THE BRITISH OCCUPATION OF EGYPT.

PARIS, JUNE 4.

M. Spuller, Minister for Foreign Affairs, speaking in the Chamber of Deputies to-day, said that France considers that the importance of the proposed conversion of Egyptian Preference Stock justifies the examination into the question of the British evacuation of Egypt. The conduct of France in the matter would, he said, necessarily be different, according to whether she treated with Egypt in British occupation or with Egypt as completely independent.

## THE SILVER QUESTION IN PARLIAMENT

LONDON, JUNE 5.

In the House of Commons last night Mr. Chaplain moved a resolution that the House considers the recent divergence in the value of precious metals as prejudicial in the highest degree to the finances and the Government of India, and seriously adds to the difficulties of trade between the United Kingdom and the countries which possess a silver standard. It is further of opinion that this divergence has been primarily due to monetary changes which have occurred upon the Continent and to the abandonment of the bi-metallic system which prevailed in certain European countries prior to 1873. It views with great regret the recent prolonged depression of trade and agriculture and consequent irregularity of employment for most members of population, to which it believes those changes have contributed in a material degree ; it therefore urges on the Government the importance of consulting nations such as Germany, the United States, France, and other countries, which comprise the Latin Union, as to their readiness to join with the United Kingdom in a Conference for the purpose of considering whether and how far a bi-metallic system can be re-established by international agreement in the interest of all the nations and communities concerned.

Mr. Maclean moved an amendment declaring that the report of the Currency Commission was inconclusive, and therefore that Government was not warranted in taking any action on the same.

Mr. W. H. Smith said that the Government were unable to agree to a change till they were convinced that the commercial classes agreed to its necessity.

The debate was subsequently adjourned till the 17th instant.

## THE RELIGIOUS ENDOWMENTS BILL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 5.

The Bill dealing with religious endowments will come before next meeting of the Legislative Council.

## THE SIKKIM-TIBET NEGOTIATIONS.

The Government of India still awaits Mr. Hart's proposals, which, if grounded on a reasonable basis, may lead to a re-opening of negotiations on the Sikkim-Tibet question.

## THE SUKKUR BRIDGE.

Mr. Robertson, after consulting Sir Alexander Rendal at home about the extra tracing to the Sukkur Bridge, will on his return be appointed to the charge of the Khojak tunnel works. It is hoped that the tunnel will be driven through by Christmas.

## THE DRAINAGE OF CAIRO.

Cairo, says the *Pioneer*, is to be drained at the cost of the Egyptian Government, and the work will be entrusted to Mr. Jones, late Engineer to the Municipal Commissioner at Madras.

## CONGRESS MEETING AT BHAGALPORE.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

BHAGALPORE, JUNE 4.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, of Allahabad, delivered an address in connection with Congress last evening in the Tejnarain Jubilee College. Rai Tejnarain Bahadur, Molvi Shajatali Khan, and other raeses were present. Babu Kirti Chandra Chatterjee, pleader, presided. The Pandit advanced arguments in proof of the growing impoverishment of the country ; and its inability to bear the burden of the present costly administration, and referred to the condition of Indian finances. He urged the necessity of radical administrative and economic reforms to avert great financial troubles, and asked his countrymen earnestly to strive to obtain those reforms by representing the country's real condition to the British people through their Delegates.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

## THE MAILS.

LONDON, JUNE 4.

The Bombay Mails of the 21st ult. arrived at Brindisi to-day.

## STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, JUNE 4.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Golconda left here for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo this morning.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Chusan arrived here this morning.

SINGAPORE, JUNE 5.

The P. & O. Co.'s steamer Gwalior (extra) left here for Bombay at 4 p.m. to-day.

## COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JUNE 4.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats quiet.

| | |
|---|---|
| Good Fair Dhollera ..... | 4⅜ |
| The Manchester Market has been quiet. | |
| 7 lbs. Shirtings ..... | 5-2 |
| 8¼ lbs. „ ..... | 6-4 |
| 40s Mule Twist ..... | 0-9¼ |
| Exchange on India, 30 days' sight..... | 1s. 3 3-16d. |
| 2½ per cent. Consols for account ..... | 98⅛ ex d. |
| 3 per cent. French Rentes ..... | 86⅝ |
| 4 per cent. Rupee paper..... | 67¼ |
| 4½ per cent. „ ..... | 70¼ |
| 3½ per cent. Sterling Loan..... | 108⅛ ex d. |
| Bar Silver ..... | 42 |

## FETES AND FESTIVITIES AT ABU.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MOUNT ABU, JUNE 3.

The "Abu Week" began with the Birthday Ball at the Residency on the 24th, which, as usual with all festivities over which Colonel Walter presides, was a great success. His Garden Parties and Cinderellas are probably more appreciated by folk who prefer going to bed before 3 a.m., but for once in a way, as loyal subjects of the Queen-Empress, we were not over careful as to our own health when drinking Her Majesty's. A Garden Party given by the Maharao of Serohi, in which State Abu is situate, followed on the 25th, and must have given particular satisfaction to taree ladies, who were presented by the host with gold bracelets as prizes for good shooting with a toy rifle at a target. On Monday, the 27th, the cricket match of Residents *vs.* Visitors commenced, and was marked by small scores on each side in the first innings owing to the wicket being treacherous. The copious rain of last week had done much for the ground, but drying rapidly under a hot sun it of course favoured the bowlers immensely. In the second innings it improved, and the weak bowling of the Visitors was knocked about by Messrs. Hamilton and Giles, who contributed 45 and 26 towards a score of 120 odd. There were two or three really good catches which deserve notice. In the evening the Maharaja of Jodhpur gave a grand *al fresco* dinner on the Club premises, after which a devoted band of ladies and gentlemen enacted a series of tableaux vivants from Tennyson's Idylls of the King. This entertainment was to have come off on the Maharaja's own grounds, where every preparation for it had been made, but at the last moment the threatening state of the weather dictated a move to a place of shelter.

The liberality, not to say munificence, of His Highness is well known, as is the general excellence of all arrangements made on his behalf on occasions of this character. It must have been the long-drawn sweetness of the tableaux then which suggested to my young friend Jenkins as we walked home between 1 and 2 a.m. the well-worn reflection "Man wants but little here below, nor wants that little long." Of the competence of the direction last year's tableaux had given us ample proof, and as the same hands, strengthened by not less skilful assistance, again assumed the control, there were great expectations. But somehow, to be candid, these in my own case were not altogether fulfilled. It may have been by our fault, or that of the *Punch a la Romaina* at dinner, or the lateness of the hour at which the tableaux commenced, but somehow it struck me that of last season were not surpassed, if equalled. I might perhaps paraphrase the quotation "*C'est magnifique mais ce n'est pas la guerre*" by saying it was magnificent but scarcely Tennysonian in conception and execution throughout. Arthur and Lancelot with wigs and moustaches of unmistakeable tow seemed a little incongruous to me. That there were some good figures, artistic grouping, and telling arrangements of colour, goes without saying to those who know the management. On the whole the Maharaja's entertainment fully deserved the reference made in one of the after-dinner speeches which followed the toasts of Her Majesty and His Highness to the skilful and energetic labours of more than one lady and gentleman.

A very different show was provided at the Residency before Colonel Walters' Cinderella on the 28th ultimo in a group of wax-works whose merits it would be difficult to overpraise. General Boulanger's triumphal entry into Paris and running away to Paris were most admirably depicted ; then General Washington illustrated the war between England and her American colonies by some sword exercise and putting his foot down founded the great Republic. The historical incident of Claude Duval compelling a lady of rank to alight from her coach in the middle of the night and tread a measure with him on the Heath, after first pointing a pistol at her coachman and terrifying her, was then exhibited in a manner which defies description. "As a combination of machinery worked by electricity," to use the language of the showman, this duet was inimitable and fairly brought down the house.

Then ensued another triumph of machinery in the judgment of Paris. The three goddesses, Juno, Minerva, and Venus, seated on a cloud and attired in most enchanting draperies, competed for the golden apple which Paris held, Paris himself in mien and costume being more than worthy of the favour of the divine three. I may not disclose the action of this or the next and last scene which represented the Sleeping Beauty and the Fairy Prince who awaked her by a kiss, and as the showman claimed to have patented it, so I must content myself with a brief tribute of admiration to the Princess and her attendant, who had fallen asleep while fanning her mistress and also to the Prince whose movements were ludicrously machine-like. The action assigned to him was doubtless somewhat trying to those of the spectators who nursed a special admiration for the Sleeping Beauty. Even the Showman's page or "Buttons," who had the melancholy satisfaction of winding her and the other figures up, must have felt inclined to give the Prince an extra turn and damage his springs. This page made a capital figure throughout, and ably assisted the Showman, who, after the manner of his tribe, gave an amusing description of each figure or tableau before it was set in motion. Wax-works are nothing without a Showman who knows the business, and in his "patterraneous" voice and general get up our Jarley was pronounced on all sides to have succeeded "entirely." The effect of each scene was enhanced by appropriate music, the services of an Italian pianist referred to by Jarley as Signor Chenevicci having been specially engaged for the occasion. It was generally remarked that in selecting his figures Mr. Jarley had displayed a man's weakness for good looks ; obviously these were required for the characters, but they were accompanied by much talent and excellent dressing. In respect to this last item the four classical figures deserve especial credit for having surmounted an acknowledged difficulty and proved that silks and flowing robes were not unknown to Olympian or *Parisian* circles. (N. B.—No pun intended in this last sentence.)

The dance after the wax-works was most enjoyable, but though the champagne was undeniable, it produced, in conjunction with lobster salad, a strange effect on my slumbers afterwards. "A dream of fair women" was only to be expected, but no digestible reason could account for General Washington running his sword through the shield of Minerva ; for Boulanger boldly saluting Juno and persuading her to elope with him to Brussels ; for Paris making love to Claude Duval's Countess as though she were his own wife ; or for Claude Duval assisted by Venus running off with the Sleeping Beauty having previously discovered the Fairy Prince in the act of kissing her Moorish attendant.

No wonder I sought consolation in the cricket match which was continued the next day—sought, but, alas ! in vain. The unfortunate Visitors cut up badly again in their second innings and gave the Residents an easy victory. A fresh match, Politicals *vs.* The World, was then begun and finished before 5 p.m., The World winning in one innings.

Colonel Walter's Garden Party in the evening. The next day being Ascension Day there was a rest.

On Friday a mask and Domino Ball took place at the Club, which as a motley show and scene of amusing recognitions and mistakes was all that could be desired. After masks and dominoes had been discarded, there were sighs of relief innumerable, and dancing set in with accustomed vigour. The floor was capital ; so was the supper ; so were the arrangement and decoration of the rooms.

Saturday evening brought pony-jumping and races of various kinds, menagerie, Thread and Needle, Egg and Spoon, which call for no particular description. To day there is great excitement over the final tie in the Lawn-Tennis Handicap (singles) for gentlemen, which has produced some close contests during the past week. Messrs. Hamilton and O'Donoghu are the opposing champions. The prizes of the Badminton tournament fell to Mr. Loch and Miss Roussac, who were ably assisted by Mr. Giles. There is some talk of a Ladies' Cricket match and a Bachelors' Ball on the 12th instant.

## TAKING THE WATERS.

(FROM AN ANGLO-INDIAN CORRESPONDENT.)

AIX-LES-BAINS, MAY 17.

It may interest some of the readers of the *Gazette* to hear a little news from this resort of sufferers from gout and rheumatism desirous of taking the baths and drinking the waters in the hope of alleviating their ailments and lengthening their days. Aix is filling fast, and among the visitors there are several old Indians to be seen. Of these the names of the late Chief Justice of Bombay, Sir Michael Westropp, and Lady Westropp may be mentioned. Sir Michael, although a little bent in figure and somewhat stiff from repeated attacks of rheumatic gout, seems to be in good health. His intellect is as vigorous as ever, and his memory unimpaired. The interest which he takes in everything relating to Bombay and his old friends there is also very keen. Lady Westropp looks well and is as affable and stately as usual. There are several old generals and colonels in the place, also two bishops and several clergymen. Gentlemen under 45 are scarce, but there are many older and plenty of dowagers and pretty girls. This place literally abounds with hotels, of which there are over 40, and yet the entire population does not exceed 5,000. It may interest those who think of coming to Aux to know that board and lodging can be had at the hotels at from 10 to 20 francs per diem according to the situation of the hotel and the size of the room occupied. Visitors to the place alone spend upwards of £70,000 there annually, and at the Baths the fees amount to as much as £8,000 in the season. But few English stop during the months of July and August, when the place, from its situation between vast spurs of the Alps, becomes very hot. Lake Bourget lies below the town and the scenery around it is very picturesque. Visitors coming from India to Aix would do well not to pass through Italy, as the Italian Custom House officers have become very troublesome and unreasonable in the way in which they examine passengers' luggage. They require duty to be paid upon every article which has any appearance of being new or unused. A passenger who had two or three Rampur chudders and a few embroidered articles in his portmanteau had duty demanded of him at Brindisi the other day, and another passenger who was carrying a tin of Huntley and Palmer's biscuits in the train to appease the hunger of his children while travelling was required to pay three francs as duty upon it. Such is the pressing need of the Italian Government for money that they try by the exaction of what in most cases is simply a transit duty to raise funds in this way. It may interest some of your lady readers to hear that the most fashionable adornments for ladies' hats and bonnets now are real butterflies. These insects are to be seen in clusters perched upon or nestling between bows of velvet or lace, and although peculiar they look sometimes very pretty.

## THE LATE FATHER J. DAMIEN'S LETTER TO BOMBAY.

We are furnished with a copy of a letter written to a Parsee gentleman in Bombay by the late lamented Father J. Damien, whose devotion to the cause of afflicted humanity culminated in his recent death. The letter will at the present moment be read with melancholy interest :—

Kalawao, Molokai, Sandwich Islands, May 25, 1887.

Dear Sir,—Your kind letter of the 21st January is to hand, and pressure of work has been the cause of postponing the answer. First, I have unfortunately to state that the report of my cure is an exaggeration of the newspapers. I feel with thanks to the Divine Saviour that there is a great amelioration in my disease under the salutary influence of the Japanese treatment which I have begun since July of last year ; and looking at the photograph of your daughter, which shows unmistakeable signs of the same disease as we have here, I unhesitatingly advise you to put her under the same treatment as soon as possible. All I can do for you—to get this Japanese medicine—is to give you the address of the doctor whose old family secret is this :—Dr. Goto, Kihai Hospital at Tokio, Japan. It consists in a daily warm bath, in which is dissolved a certain quantity of bathing medicine called in their language "Kai-gio-Kioso Yoko Yoiku. The body up to the shoulders should be in warm water of 95 degrees (Farenheit) for fifteen minutes. We take inwardly one drachm of very small pills after each meal. They call them Sei Ketu Reu ; and one hour after meal one ounce of decoction from a Japan tree is taken. These two internal specifics are not disagreeable to take, and the warm bath is quite agreeable indeed. They seem to me to purify the blood, reduce smelling, ease the pains occasioned by the degeneration of the small nerves, and in general make a leper feel so comfortable as if he was not sick. I speak here of what I experienced since nearly the beginning of my own treatment. I know very well I am not cured, but I am to-day as strong as I was when I volunteered myself between our lepers fourteen years ago. A year ago I was suffering very much in my feet and right hand, unable to do the slightest fatiguing work, had no sleep at night, and my ear was badly running,—to-day remain the big ear, but cured so far,—though the anæsthesia (or anæsthery) on my left foot is still there. I feel not much fatigue or pain nor any smelling. We just have finished building in our churchyard a regular bath-house with a large heater and five bath tubs, where our doctor sends all those who are desirous of submitting themselves under treatment. Hoping you will obtain for your beloved child the same treatment and experience the good effect of it,—I remain, &c., J. DAMIEN.

*P.S.*—My respects to the Rev. Father Mayer. Apply to him for the spiritual care of all your family, and Almighty God will bless you.

## THE LATE MR. McLEOD CAMPBELL.

It will be in the recollection of our readers that the members of the Bombay Civil Service intended placing in Bombay Cathedral a memorial to their brother-officer, the late John McLeod Campbell. The Cathedral authorities having suggested that to fill in with stained glass one or more of the small lower windows, coming immediately below the long single lancets, in the chancel, would form a suitable memorial, and would also be a great improvement in the Cathedral, the suggestion was referred to Mrs. Campbell, and as she cordially approved of it, designs were obtained from Messrs. Heaton, Butler, and Bayne, the Artists in stained glass of Garrick Street, London. The result is that the firm just mentioned have been entrusted with the work of sending out two windows to be placed in the chancel of the Bombay Cathedral, the subjects being "The Miracle in Cana" and "Christ Blessing Little Children." A brass also has been ordered from the same firm with the following inscription :—

"To the glory of God and in affectionate remembrance of
John McLeod Campbell,
Bombay Civil Service,
Who died at sea, 18th November 1888,
Aged 45 years.

This and the corresponding window on the south side have been placed by his brother-officers in the Civil Service."

## INTIMIDATION BY MILL HANDS.

Yesterday at the Girgaum Police Court, Yessoo Kannoo and Nilloo Boodajee, who were recently in the employ of the Dinshaw Manockjee Petit Mill Company, were charged by Inspector Roberts with disorderly behaviour in a public place at Tardeo yesterday morning. The two accused, together with a number of other labourers, who had struck work in the D. M. Petit Mill in consequence of a recent reduction made in their daily wages, placed themselves in a position at Chicklewaddy Junction Road, near Tardeo, with sticks in their hands and sought to intimidate a number of new hands who were taken on in their place at the reduced rate, and who were on their way to the D. M. Petit Mill, by telling them in a threatening tone that they might go to the mill this morning, but they would be paid off for it in the evening. The two accused who were the principal movers in the affair were arrested by the police and the sticks they had in their possession were taken away from them. The accused made no defence, and admitted the charge preferred against them. They were convicted and sentenced to fourteen days' rigorous imprisonment each.

## CYCLONE AT BOMBAY MONSOON.

The captains of vessels arriving in the harbour yesterday reported having experienced very stormy weather at sea, and even in the bay itself the sea ran so high that traffic was conducted with considerable amount of difficulty and not a few accidents, although nothing fortunately of a very serious nature occurred. The cyclonic disturbance predicted came on suddenly on Tuesday night, and all yesterday the harbour presented a very wild appearance. The sea was rough and ran very high, washing at times over the wharfs of the Government Dockyard and the Town Bunder and the Apollo Bunder. Small boats could not safely venture out into the open. Even the steam-launches with difficulty ploughed their way through the surf. One minute the launch would be on the top of a large wave, and the next it would be lost to sight. A cargo boat laden with coal, while endeavouring to make her way to a steamer, shipped a large amount of water, and sank with all her cargo. Her crew managed to swim with difficulty to the Mody Bunder, and were happily none the worse for their experience of the beginning of the monsoon. About 1-30 p.m. yesterday a small party of passengers left the Customs Bunder in a steam-launch, which was to convey them to the s. s. Poseidon. The launch left the bunder safely, but when she got out about 50 yards, she was pitched and tossed about by the surf. By the time the friends of the passengers came back after bidding farewell, they were completely drenched from the large amount of water the launch had shipped.

Besides the cargo boat already mentioned three or four other prows were sunk later on in the day. Their respective crews were picked up by launches that were sent out to their rescue.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Thibet, which arrived yesterday morning from China, reports having experienced very rough and monsoonish weather at sea.

The s.s. Mobile, through the roughness of the weather, drew her anchors two or three times, and nearly came upon the police hulk, near which she was lying. At first it was heard her sailing would require to be postponed as the passengers refused to go on board, but they were ultimately conveyed on board, and the steamer left Bombay for the Persian Gulf in the evening.

On Tuesday last at about 4-45 p. m. a heavy cyclonic disturbance occurred in the neighbourhood of Surat with about an inch of rain. In the course of the storm, which lasted about three-quarters of an hour, many trees were blown down, and telegraphic communication was stopped which caused some slight detentions to the mail trains ; no damage, however, was done to the railway line.

## ANCIENT COMMERCIAL HISTORY.

The second series of a lecture in connection with the ancient commercial history was delivered by Mr. L. C. da Gama in the Institute "Luso-Indian" on the 1st instant to an appreciative audience, among whom were present :—The Very Rev. Callejo, Rev. de Souza, and Dr. L. J. Pinto. Dr. Da Cunha occupied the chair. The lecturer began his essay with various interesting observations on the origin of coin, and the relative antiquity of the various peoples. He proceded to review the maritime commerce of the Arabian Gulf, and in connection with this he established the following three important points :—1st, the existence of the maritime people on the coast of the Indian Ocean from the remotest times of antiquity ; 2nd, a constant rivalry of centuries between the Arabian and Persian Gulf on the commercial monopoly over the Indian Ocean ; and 3rd, also a rivalry equally lasting for centuries between the peoples inhabiting the eastern and western margins of the Red Sea to obtain a monopoly for the navigation of the Straits of Babelmandeb. He showed afterwards how this maritime commerce had exercised its influence in the four Egyptian civilizations represented by Thebas, Memphis, Alexandria, and Cairo. He alluded to the maritime power of the Aditans, Sabruses, and Phœnicians, and traced the principal routes of the land commerce of Arabia and her relation with Palestine. Thence he passed on to review the Biblical history under political and commercial points of view, embracing in a rapid glance the causes of the prosperity and decadence of this singular people. He endeavoured to indentify the situation of Ophir, Tarshish, Sephar, and Dedan which were the principal emporiums of Oriental commerce, in the Phœnician and Hebraical geography. He concluded the essay by paying a tribute of homage to the genius and commercial enterprise of the Israelites, the existence of which is evidenced even now in every part of the world. The president warmly congratulated the lecturer. After a vote of thanks to the chairman the assembly dispersed.

## TREACHER AND COMPANY LIMITED.

The directors' report of the above company for the year ending 31st March 1889, which has already been published in our columns, was yesterday presented to the shareholders at the ordinary annual meeting of the company. In proposing the adoption of the report and the audited accounts for the year ending 31st March 1889, the chairman said that a copy of it had been supplied to every shareholder for a careful perusal. On Mr. J. R. Morgan seconding the proposition, it was unanimously carried. The payment of a dividend of Rs. 85 per share was proposed by Mr. H. C. Barder, who stated that the reasons for declaring a dividend of Rs. 85, instead of Rs. 90, the difference thereby being Rs. 5, and which would not affect the shareholders, were submitted by the directors in the report, and expressed his satisfaction since none of the shareholders had reason to complain of the amount of the dividend. The resolution being seconded by Mr. H. King, it was accordingly approved of and adopted. On Mr. A. Mackenzie, who had retired by rotation, being proposed by Mr. Elseworthy and seconded by Mr. William Cartor for re-election as a director, it was unanimously carried. The chairman in a few words thanked the shareholders for their high opinion of him of his directorship, and affirmed that, with the aid of the other directors, he would do all in his power to promote the interests of the company. Messrs. E. C. Monod and John S. Burn were reappointed auditors on the proposition of Dr. Fukarji Ruttonji and Mr. J. A. Hayward on a remuneration of Rs. 500 each. The chairman then made mention of the fact that, as had been done in all former meetings, a *bonus* of half a month's salary was given to the assistants who had merited it for their services during the year, but this year the directors made a proposition to the shareholders that a sum of Rs. 3,100 should be distributed among them, which would in effect be nearly the same thing. Mr. H. King then remarked that the assistants must have laboured hard to have given the shareholders such a good return for their money. The resolution being seconded by Mr. Framji Dady Panday was accordingly carried. The proceedings were brought to a close with the usual vote of thanks to the chairman.

## MILITARY NEWS.

Lieutenants Loch and Savage, 1-3rd Gurkhas, have been appointed Adjutant and Quartermaster respectively.

Lieutenant Waller, 19th P. I., supernumerary in the regiment, to be Wing Officer, *vice* Lieutenant Macdonald, seconded for the Political Department.

Second Lieutenant Vaughan, 11th Bengal Infantry, supernumerary in the regiment, has been appointed Wing Officer on probation, *vice* Lieutenant Downs, promoted Wing Commander.

Captain Smith, Paymaster, 2nd Battalion, Somersetshire Light Infantry, reverts to his combatant commission in the 2nd Battalion of the regiment.

Major Buston and Captain Leach, R. E., Bengal Sappers and Miners, to be Superintendent of Park and Company Commander respectively.

Captain King, R. E., Bengal Sappers and Miners, to be a Company Commander, *vice* Major Mann, promoted.

The "Lucknow Volunteer Reserve Corps" has been constituted a Provincial Corps for the whole of Oudh, and its designation changed to the "Oudh Volunteer Reserve Corps."

An Army Circular notifies that all Native Commissioned Officers of the armies of the three Presidencies, whether serving actively or retired on pension, shall be entitled in virtue of their military rank to seats in Viceregal durbars, and consequently to the same privilege in all Provincial durbars.

The usual four Camps of Exercise at Lucknow, Meerut, Lahore, and Rawal Pindi will be held next cold weather. In addition there will probably be a large camp at Quetta, provided the necessary funds are available, special attention being paid to transport organisation. As the military roads that have been made all round and about Quetta are excellent, it is probable a service of carts may be organised to give relief to the pack animals.

## MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

The usual weekly meeting of the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation was held in the Municipal Office yesterday afternoon. Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee presided, and the others present were Dr. Blaney, Major Selby, Mr. E. B. Carroll, Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, Messrs. K. M. Shroff, K. M. Kabraji, Fazulbhoy Visram, and M. Banaji.

EXTENSION OF THE CRAWFORD MARKETS AND NEW FIRE STATION.

The Committee took up consideration of a letter from the Commissioner, asking the Standing Committee to recommend the Corporation to sanction the taking up from Government of the whole of the triangular piece of ground immediately to the south of the Crawford Markets, admeasuring 9,027 square yards, at present partly occupied by the quarters of warrant officers, &c., of which 4,912 yards are immediately available, on a lease of 999 years at the rate of Rs. 50, per square yard, and an annual ground-rent of one anna per square yard, the land being required for the erection of a Fire Brigade station for the Fort District (and head-quarters) and for the extension of the markets.

Dr. Cowasjee was of the opinion that Rs. 50 per square yard was too much, and that Government should be requested to make a reduction.

Mr. M. Banaji was of the same opinion, and said Government ought to be more liberal towards the Municipality, especially as the sites of the Crawford Market and of the workshops had been granted free. But even if Government did not agree to grant the land at a lesser rate it might be worth while purchasing even for the extension of the markets.

Dr. Cowasjee next wanted to know if there was any immediate necessity of purchasing the ground ; and said further that as it involved an expenditure of something like ten lakhs of rupees, the matter might be remitted to a sub-committee to be threshed out.

Dr. Blaney was also in favour of the matter being remitted to a sub-committee ; but at the same time he was of opinion the committee should be put in possession of something to guide them. If it were to be put before them that it was partially for the fire brigade and chiefly for the extension of the markets, then he would say it was too dear for the Fire Brigade, but cheap enough for the markets. The Commissioner might draw out a general scheme showing his ideas as to how the extension should be made. One great improvement in the markets necessary was that there should be more space.

It was agreed that the matter be remitted to a sub-committee consisting of Major Selby, Dr. Blaney, Mr. Carroll, Mr. N. M. Banaji, and Mr. Fazulbhoy.

CHINESE CEMETERY.

The next matter brought before the committee for consideration was a memorandum from the Commissioner, forwarding, with reference to the Corporation's resolution, dated 25th March 1889 (approving of the opening of a new burial-ground for the dead of certain members of the Chinese community on Antop Hill), letter dated 27th May 1889, from Mr. Secretary Hughes, declining to lease land in Bombay to private individuals for use as a cemetery, adding that Government are prepared to convey the land to the Corporation for the purposes of a cemetery on payment at the rate of 6 annas per square yard, instead of granting a lease reserving an annual rent.

Major Selby said he could not understand why they should trouble themselves with this affair at all. If the Chinese community could not provide themselves with a burying-ground, he was sorry for them. He moved "that the Municipal Commissioner be informed that the Corporation having had the facts before them and not having decided (section 436) that the existing places for the disposal of the dead are insufficient, the Standing Committee did not consider it the duty of any municipal authority to interfere in the matter."

Mr. Kabraji said that the land was not required for individuals, as stated in the letter from Government, but for a community, small though it was.

The Municipal Commissioner observed that if they did this, they would be establishing a precedent of acquiring land for particular communities.

Dr. Cowasjee seconded Major Selby's motion, which was carried.

VEHAR AND TULSI LAKES.

The following statement was as usual laid on the table :—

| | Rainfall for the week. | Rainfall up to date for the year. | Reduced level of the surface of water in the Lake as per gauge readings. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | At the commencement of the week. | At the end of the week. |
| *Vehar Lake— | Ins. Cts. | Ins. Cts. | Feet T. H. D. | Feet T. H. D. |
| 2nd June 1889 | 0 00 | 0 18 | 244·60 | 244·05 |
| 3rd „ 1888 | 0 00 | 2 22 | 249·50 | 249·00 |
| †Tulsi Lake— | | | | |
| 2nd June 1889 | 0 00 | 0 17 | 435·20 | 434·50 |
| 3rd „ 1888 | 0 00 | 2 30 | 435·10 | 434·30 |

The height of water above the lowest inlet to the tower available for supply was :—

| | At the commencement of the week. | | At the end of week. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Ft. | Cts. | Ft. | Cts. |
| Vehar Lake, 1889 ..... | 14 | 10 | 13 | 55 |
| Do. 1888 ..... | 19 | 00 | 18 | 50 |
| Tulsi Lake, 1889 ..... | 35 | 84 | 35 | 14 |
| Do. 1888 ..... | 35 | 74 | 34 | 94 |

* Water overflows at 263·50. T. H. D.

† Water overflows at 456·50. T. H. D.

WATER-SUPPLY TO TRAMWAY COMPANY.

A memorandum was read from the Commissioner, dated 29th May 1889, forwarding correspondence relating to the charging for water drawn by the Tramway Company from the fire-hydrants fixed in different parts of the city and used by them for road repairs, and stating that there is no section in the Act which exactly covers this case, but by the analogy of section 169, he thinks the decision as to the special terms should rest with the Standing Committee.

After a discussion it was agreed, on the motion of Dr. Blaney, seconded by Mr. Kabraji, that the Commissioner be asked to inform the Tramway Company that they will be required to pay for the use of the water-carts and for water, and that no water be drawn from hydrants and that the full town rate be charged for the water so used from 1st October next.

This was all the business of public interest.

## HINDU MARRIAGE FESTIVITIES.

In connection with a marriage in his family, Mr. Khimjee Jeeva, mucoadam to Messrs. Volkart Brothers, Messrs. Owen and Okell, and other firms, and one of the chief iron merchants of Bombay, has been giving a round of feasts to his co-religionists during this week. Representative members of other sections of the community were also entertained at a "nautch" party given at Mr. Khimjee's residence in Kazi Syed Street on Tuesday evening last. A greater portion of the street was illuminated with arcades of gas moons for the occasion, while the house itself was splendidly decorated and illuminated from top to basement. The "nautch" girls danced and sang amidst a wealth of mirrors, which formed the characteristic feature of the reception hall, and reflected all the incidents of the entertainment. A large number of European merchants and leading representatives of all the different sections of the native community attended the party, which broke up about midnight. The "fooleka" procession in connection with the marriage came off yesterday afternoon, and was attended by hundreds of Hindus and others. A larger procession will be formed to-morrow afternoon, when the marriage ceremonies will be performed.

## TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

Simla, June 5.—A storm on the west coast, after striking the coast near Goa, has moved northward and now lies off Bombay. Pressure, consequently, has fallen north of the Konkan, Kattiawar and Sind, rising nearly in all other parts of India. Readings have been high in the south-west coast, low over the north-west of India and the Gangetic plain. The wind is blowing strong to gale on the west coast. Elsewhere the direction and force generally are fairly normal. The temperature generally has decreased, but is still somewhat above the average in all the provinces. Very heavy rain has fallen on the west coast, and showers have fallen in Assam and Burma.

## FLOWERS AND FOOTBALL AT SIMLA.

The first show of the recently-formed Simla Horticultural Society was held, writes a correspondent to the *Pioneer*, in the large ballroom of the Town Hall on Wednesday, the 29th ultimo, and on the forenoon of the following day ; and the members are to be congratulated on its undoubted success. From an early hour on Wednesday morning the roads leading to the Town Hall from Annandale, from Jakko, and other directions were made gay with processions of brightly-coloured headloads. All this time the managing committee and others, under the direction of Dr. George Watt, their indefatigable honorary secretary, were busy receiving and arranging all the exhibits, and punctually at 2 o'clock the doors were open to the public. The general effect of the exhibition as one entered the room was most satisfactory, and, apart from the tasteful arrangement of the exhibits, its attractiveness was in a great measure due to the liberal contributions received from the happy possessors of the best gardens in Simla, and notably those kindly sent by Mr. A. O. Hume. Nothing could exceed the beauty of some of the hanging baskets belonging to this gentleman which were suspended in every part of the room. The great success of these baskets is their simplicity, each containing only one kind of plant, healthy and well-grown. The Annandale Gardens, as would have been expected, was strongly represented. Mr. Parsons brought together a very good general collection ; and of specialities, the begonias, petunias, and bulbous plants won much admiration as well as prizes. On turning our attention to a more detailed examination of the various exhibits sent for competition the following kinds were found to be the best represented :—Pelargoniums, pansies, petunias, calceolarias and cinerarias. The calceolarias, exhibited by Sir James Browne and Mr. Hume, were particularly fine. There were two good collections of ferns, the best one containing very fine plants of Adicintum pedatum. The variety and beauty of Mr. Hume's collection of foliage plants attracted much attention.

Coming now to the more practical portion of the show, the collection of Plains' fruits sent from the Saharanpur garden was a conspicuous feature, and great credit is due to the Superintendent, Mr. Golha, for the pains taken in selecting and sending to Simla such an exhaustive collection, not to speak of the skill required to produce the excellent quality of some of them. In this section of fruits and vegetables we were pleased to notice the large number of native exhibitors ; and though all could not obtain a prize, we were glad to hear that all were substantially encouraged by a reward to come forward again in competition. There was a very fair show of strawberries, all three prizes falling to natives. An excellent dish of potatoes, grown by a native gardener, won the special prize given by Mr. Stokes. I have been told that the excellent quality of many of the potatoes grown in this district is largely due to the good influence of the Annandale Gardens in the way of seed distribution. One of the native dallies was awarded a special prize by Dr. Harris for the judicious arrangement of the contents, viz., a few vegetables, some totally unripe and evil-looking fruit, and alongside the latter was thoughtfully placed a fruiting branch of the castor-oil plant.

Amongst the miscellaneous exhibits were bouquets of wild flowers, and some quite perfect buttonholes. In this section too we were included the decorated dining-room tables which some lady competitors were kind enough to prepare. We did not, however, think that in any of them the effect was sufficiently light for the purpose. The principal prizes taken were as follows :—

Pelargoniums.—1st prize.—The best pelargonium shown in flower, Mrs. Hutchins. 2nd prize.—The next best, Mr. W. H. Rattigan. Dr. Harris's special prize for six pelargoniums in flowers, Mr. A. O. Hume.

Geraniums.—1st prize.—The best collective show of not less than six geraniums, Mr. A. O. Hume. 2nd prize.—The three best foliage geraniums, Mrs. Macpherson.

Pansies.—1st prize.—The best collection in boxes or pots in flower, Mrs. Oliphant. 2nd prize.—The best twelve pansies cut, Miss Elliott.

Fuchsias.—1st prize.—The best show, single or double, of not less than three plants in flower, Miss Oliphant.

Begonias.—Foliage begonias, three best plants, Annandale Gardens.

Carnations and Pinks.—Best twelve cut blooms, Mrs. Oliphant. Honorary special prize, Annandale Gardens.

Petunias.—1st prize.—The best six plants in flower, Mr. J. McDermott. 2nd prize.—The best three plants or cut blooms, Annandale Gardens.

Campanulas.—Special prize (honorary), Rev. J. Smith.

Roses.—Cut roses exhibited in stands containing not less than six different kinds. 1st prize, by the Hon'ble Sir D. M. Barbour, Mr. A. O. Hume.

Calceolarias.—1st prize.—Best three in pots, Brigadier-General Sir James Browne.

Cinerarias.—1st prize.—Best three pots, Mr. A. O. Hume.

Ferns.—Best show of ferns in pots and tastefully arranged, Mr. W. H. Rattigan. 2nd prize, Lady Lyall.

Bulbous and Tuberous Plants.—Best show of not less than three different kinds, Mr. L. J. Arathoon. Colonel Nicholson's special prize for the best show of not less than three, Annandale Gardens.

Lobelias.—The best three pots, Miss Coldstream. General collection of flowering plants (best general collection of not less than 12 plants in flower, gracefully arranged on a stand),

## THE PUNJAB WHEAT CROP.

THE final report on the wheat crop of the Punjab for season 1888-89 is as follows :—

The season under report has been a decidedly favorable one for wheat-growing in the Punjab. Rain fell generally, and in good quantity in the end of July last. In August also the rainfall was good, though not so copious as in July. The summer rains began in good time, but the first falls were followed by a period during which none fell; and although later on good rain fell again, it was too late to make the kharif crop of the Province other than a fair one, except in a few specially-favored districts. It was however in general, except in the Western districts, not below average.

In September the rainfall was favorable except in a few districts in the west of the Province and two others, Hissar and Amritsar, and this was followed by timely rain in October, except again in a few of the western districts. Consequently favorable conditions for sowing were present throughout the greater part of the Province, and a large area was put under this crop.

In November, except in the south Punjab, there was also a good deal of rain, and in the north-western districts, such as Rawalpindi, much late wheat was sown. December and the first three weeks of January were very dry periods, and towards the end of the latter month considerable anxiety was felt in regard to the rabi crops throughout the Province. However, at the end of January and throughout the month of February unusually heavy rain fell over the whole Punjab with the most beneficial results. But in one or two of the south-eastern districts it came too late to raise the yield to as high a point as was reached in more northerly districts where the crops were less advanced.

In March there was not much rain, and what there was was not unfavorable—and the crops ripened in fine weather, only in a very few instances was it injured by local hailstorms. The rust or blight which in one or two sub-montane districts threatened to attack the crops after the heavy rains and cloudy weather of February, almost all disappeared before the subsequent sunshine. There was no rain in the first week in April, and what fell later was not such as to injure the crops.

The season may be summoned up thus :—

Favourable rains fell for sowing and germinating; this was followed by a period of dry weather lasting long enough to cause considerable anxiety—which was entirely removed by the copious rains of February.

The total rainfall during the period from 1st October 1888 to 30th April 1889 was above the average in almost every district.

Reaping and threshing operations have been and are being completed in very favourable weather.

The area under wheat is returned as 6,919,100 acres (the figures given for Simla and Hazara are those of the last year, as the returns of these districts have not yet been received) as against 6,179,800 acres last year—that is, there is an increase of nearly 12 per cent. in the area under this crop this year over that under this crop last year. The very large increase in area shown in the Kohat district is owing to the Barak Tappa tracts lately settled having been included in this year's returns for the first time. Only in four districts, Hissar, Gurgaon, Karnal, and Ambala, is the area under wheat shown as less this year than last, and of these, only in Gurgaon is the difference great. In that district the area under crop has fallen from 73,400 acres to 40,800 acres and the estimated yield from 20,767,800 seers to 15,452,300—that is, the area has decreased by 3·7 and the yield by nearly ½. The Deputy Commissioner's remarks hardly account for this state of affairs. The average yield was also slightly below last year's outturn.

In Shahpur the increase in area sown is very large, 223,200 as against 166,200 or about 34 per cent.; in Rawalpindi, Jhelum, Peshawar and Hoshiarpur it is also large, and there is some increase in all districts except those named above. In Ferozepur and Lahore it is considerable: elsewhere usually of small extent. As compared with the figures of the last nine years, the area under wheat this year appears to be above average.

AREA.

The area estimated as under crop in November last was only 6,046,200 acres; but the Director in his forwarding report stated his belief that this was below the truth. The estimate formed in the second forecast in February last was 6,776,800, which does not differ very much from that shown in the present statement, which is somewhat in excess of it.

YIELD.

The yield has been excellent in almost every district.

In only 4 districts is the yield said to have been less than last year. These are Hissar, Gurgaon, Amballa, in which the area has also fallen, and Delhi, in which there is a slight increase in the area under crop, but a decrease in outturn. In Karnal, on the other hand, where there is a decrease in the area, an increase is shown in the outturn. In districts in the south-east of the Province the crops suffered somewhat from the drought of December and January, and in Gurdaspur they suffered to some extent from blight. In Hissar they were injured by early hot winds. In Shahpur and in Hoshiarpur, on the other hand, the crop is stated to have been a "bumper one."

The total outturn for the Province is estimated at 41,081,484 cwt., against 33,370,139 cwt. returned last year, showing an increase of 23·1 per cent. in outturn of an increase in area of 12 per cent.

The average yield per acre is estimated at 332 seers equal to 664 lbs. or 10·54 bushels of 63 lbs. There is an estimated increase of 10 per cent. over the figures of last year.

PRICES.

On the 30th April 1888, wheat was selling in both Amritsar and Ferozepur at 19 seers the rupee. On 30th April 1889, it was selling in Amritsar at 22 seers the rupee, or three seers per rupee cheaper than at the corresponding period last year, and in Ferozepur at 20 seers, or one seer per rupee cheaper than last year. Prices appear to vary more in Ferozepur than in Amritsar. Much wheat is exported from Ferozepur which possibly accounts for this. Considerable exports of wheat are said to have taken place this year from Ludhiana, where the harvest is said to have been "very good."

No further fall in the price of wheat is to be expected. There was practically no fall last year after the 30th April, but a considerable rise followed that date, and it is noticeable that the price of wheat in Ferozepur has already risen from 22 seers per rupee on the 31st March to 20 seers on the 15th and 30th April. Stocks of grains, though probably better than they were at this time last year, are not likely to be any where large, though the reports on this point from different districts vary very much; and the prices of food-grains of all kinds, though slightly lower than at this time last year, have ruled high throughout the past twelve months, although lower than in the year preceding.

The price of wheat at Karachi on the 30th April was 14¾ seers, or about the same as at this time last year.

These ruling prices are put together in a tabular form for comparison :—

| Place. | Date. | Seers per rupee. |
|---|---|---|
| Amritsar ... ... | 30th April ... ... | 22 seers. |
| Ferozepur ... ... | 30th April ... ... | 20 seers. |
| Karachi ... ... | 30th April ... ... | 15 seers. |

CHARACTER OF HARVEST.

The reports received from the various districts show that the harvest has been (Hazara and Simla being excepted) much above average in 2 districts, above average in 16 districts, average in 11 districts, and below average in no district.

STOCKS OF FOOD-GRAINS.

The reports of the state of stocks of food-grains are much more satisfactory than those received at this time last year. Seven districts report their stocks to be "plentiful." In most of the remaining districts stocks are either said to be "fair" or sufficient; only in Jhelum they are said to be "quite exhausted," and in Kohat and Dera Ismail Khan they are said to be very "limited" and "exhausted," and in two other districts they are said to be "not plentiful."

EXPORTS.

The exports during the year under report were larger than those of the preceding year, especially in the quarters ending September and December 1888, during which period a considerable amount of wheat was exported, consequent of the kharif harvest having been a fair one. Stocks had been practically exhausted, and great scarcity was at one time dreaded. But there will probably be more wheat exported as the outcome of the good harvest of this year. It is reported from Ludhiana that "there has been considerable trade this year in wheat which has kept up prices, large quantities having been exported," and the Karachi Price Current notes: On 7th May.—"Business in old crop continues on a small scale. In new crop sales amount to about 800 tons which may prove the beginning of a larger trade. Prices, however, still rule somewhat high in trade centres in the Punjab. The export trade to other Provinces will probably be fairly brisk."

INCREASE IN AREA UNDER WHEAT.

The increase in the area under wheat this year over the area under wheat last year is simply due to the more favorable conditions of the season. The area under wheat was higher in 4 out of the previous 8 years than it was this year. It is impossible to say yet whether the increase in area under wheat is proportionately greater than the increase in area under other crops over the areas of last year; but allowing for favourable conditions at the time for sowing, there is no reason to suppose that it is.

The area under wheat in any given year depends almost solely on the nature of the season. There is no reason to doubt that the conclusions come to on this point in the last paragraph of the last year's report are perfectly sound.

## THE PUNJAB OILSEEDS CROP.

THE final report on the Oilseeds Crop of the Punjab for the season 1888-89, is as follows :—

The season was even more favourable for oilseeds than for wheat, and the increase in area under crop and in outturn is even greater than was the case with wheat. The only exceptions to this improved state of things are the eastern and south-eastern districts of the Province, where the outturn has generally been inferior to that of last year. This is especially the case in Delhi and Amritsar. Caterpillars are said to have injured the crop in Ferozepur. The greatest increase in area and outturn occurred in the Rawalpindi Division. In the Jhelum District the increase in area was 137·1 per cent. and in outturn 193·5 per cent., and in Rawalpindi it was in area 112·1 per cent. and in outturn 180.2 per cent. In Shahpur there was also a very considerable increase in both area and outturn.

The forecast November last estimated only 462,600 acres under oilseeds. That of February 506,300 acres. The present returns give an area of 579,100 acres under oilseeds as against 474,000 returned in under these crops last year, the increase being 22·2 per cent for the whole province. The increase is almost entirely in rain lands. The winter rains in the Rawalpindi Division especially were very favourable for the sowings of this crop.

The outturn is estimated at 1,654,064 cwt. against 1,279,476 cwt. shown in last year's return. The increase in outturn over that of last year is therefore 29·3 per cent.

The crop has been very good in the northern submontane tracts, inferior in the South-Eastern Punjab, and a good average elsewhere in area and outturn.

## GOLF IN MADRAS.

THE first of the four competitions for the cup which is now being presented by the Gymkhana, was played off in February last, and resulted in a "tie" between Mr. Greig and Mr. Matheson, with a score of 111 net. Upon the 'tie' being played off Mr. Greig proved an easy winner. The second competition was completed on the 29th April, Colonel Clarke, R.E., proving the winner with a net score of 95, viz., 58+57—20=95, or 5 strokes below scratch. The scores of those players who completed the two rounds were as follows :—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Colonel Clarke | 58 | + 57—20 | = | 95 |
| Mr. W. Walker | 54 | 49 4 | | 99 |
| Mr. H. Fraser | 59 | 59 18 | | 100 |
| Mr. E. J. Firth | 63 | 58 18 | | 103 |
| Mr. S. H. Bradford | 54 | 57 4 | | 107 |
| Mr. J. S. Walker | 63 | 52 8 | | 107 |
| Mr. W. Barclay | 61 | 67 20 | | 108 |
| Mr. J. Matheson | 59 | 59 10 | | 108 |
| Mr. H. G. Wedderburn | 55 | 61 6 | | 110 |
| Mr. A. E. Lawson | 51 | 61 scratch | | 112 |
| Mr. H. Bradley | 66 | 66 20 | | 112 |
| Mr. J. H. Peebles | 55 | 69 4 | | 120 |

Messrs. Bowden, Chambers, Prior, and Sowden retired. The third competition will be played off during the current month, and as the course is in splendid order some good scores should be recorded.

A sweepstakes at Guindy on the 19th April, in which there were ten entries, each person paying 8 as., resulted in a tie between Captain Prior and Mr. Barclay, with 49 net. Another sweepstakes on the 20th idem was won at Guindy by Mr. J. Matheson, the Sub-secretary for Golf, with the excellent score of 46 net, viz: 51—5=46, Colonel Clarke being second with 57—10=47.

The Golf matches on the Guindy 'links' during last month consisted of Handicap Foursome, in which eight couples competed, with the result that Messrs. W. Walker and Bradford, giving 4 strokes to Messrs. Matheson and Barclay, the latest couples in, proved the winners, defeating their opponents by two holes and one to play. The prize consisted of two dozen balls, which were divided between the winners.

On the Queen's Birthday a Rupee Sweepstakes with Rs. 14 added from the Gymkhana funds, was played at Guindy, and resulted as follows :—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr. J. Matheson | 55— | 4½=50½ | | |
| Dr. Cook | 66 | 14 | 52 | } Tie |
| Mr. J. H. Peebles | 55 | 3 | 52 | } Tie |
| Mr. J. L. Walker | 57 | 4 | 53 | |
| Mr. E. J. Wright | 61 | 7 | 54 | |
| Mr. W. Barclay | 69 | 10 | 59 | |
| Colonel Thomas | 74 | 15 | 59 | |
| Mr. D. Noble | 96 | 15 | 81 | |

Messrs. Bradford, Firth, Fraser, Greig and Jackson retired, while Mr. Lawson, who would have tied for second place, was disqualified, owing to his having played the last three holes without any one to score for him, his partner having had to retire after the sixth hole, owing to a touch of the sun. The day was unusually hot, but, luckily, the supply of refreshments and ice was ample. Mr. J. Matheson thus won Rs. 18, the first prize, and Dr. Cook and Mr. Peebles divided the second prize of Rs. 10.

The usual monthly handicap on the island was won by Mr. Munro with 83 net, viz 52.+51—20=83, Mr. J. L. Walker being second with 85, and Mr. Bowden and Dr. Cook tieing rightly for fourth place with 87 net.—*Mail.*

## SIMLA RACES.

FIRST DAY,—Saturday, June 1.

1ST RACE, "The Derby." Value, Rs. 800. Distance, ½ mile. Four started.

Lord Wm. Beresford's ch w h Hardware, 10-6, Croak ..... 1
Mr. Kook's ch a p Tom Tit, 9-4, Mr. Guest ..... 2
Capt. Learoyd's b w m Magnet, 10-0, Owner ..... 3

2ND RACE, "The Lansdowne Plate." Value Rs. 1,500. Distance, ¾ mile. Four started.

Mr. Lauriestone's ch a h Hornblende, 13-3, Capt. Mclineau ..... 1
Lord Wm. Beresford's b e m Bandy, 10-8, Owner ... 2
Mr. S. J. S.'s g a p Mist, 11-3, F. Pearson ..... 3

3RD RACE, "Selling Race." Value Rs. 250. Distance, ½ mile.

Mr. E. Oake's b c-b m Belladonna, 9-3, Stratford ... 1
Mr. S. J. S.'s g c-b m Bassy, 8-8, Mr. J. Guest ..... 2
Mr. Freund's b c-b m Lonely, 10-11, Capt. Mahon.. 3

An objection was lodged in this race for alleged crossing.

4TH RACE, "The Liliputs." Value, Rs. 300. Distance, round the course. Five started.

Maj. Neeld's ch c-b p Silvertail, 10-4, Owner..... 1
Mr. Lauriestone's b w g Maxim, 10-5, Capt. Mahon. 2
Mr. Kook's g a p Silvio, 10-6, Capt. Learoyd ..... 3

5TH RACE, "Hurdle Race." Value Rs. 500. Distance, 1 mile over 6 flights of hurdles. Four started.

Mr. Lauriestone's ch a p Hornblende, 11-7, Capt. Mahon ..... 1
Lord Wm. Beresford's b w m Nellie, 11-4, Owner ... 2
Mr. S. J. S.'s b c-b p Fiddle, 11-3, F. Pearson..... 3

6TH RACE, "The Polo Scurry." Value Rs. 150. Distance, ¼ mile, heats. Five started.

Maj. Doran's b c-b p Parah, 11-7, Maj. Neeld ..... 1
Lord Wm. Beresford's b c-b m Nancy, 11-7, Owner. 2

The weather was splendid. There was a large attendance: and the sport was undeniably good.

## MR. STEPHENS HOWARD AGAIN.

IN the Court of the Cantonment Magistrate, Secunderabad, on Monday, Stephens Howard *alias* Clive Durant, Job Solomon, and Henry Solomon, all connected with the *Hyderabad Record*, were charged with defamation by Mr. Gallagher, formerly of the *Deccan Times*. The jury returned a verdict of guilty against the first two and not guilty against the third. The court sentenced the first accused under section 500, Indian Penal Code, to undergo imprisonment for a period of four months; this sentence to commence on the expiration of the one month's imprisonment he is now undergoing for contempt of court. The second accused was sentenced under the same section to undergo three months' imprisonment and pay a fine of Rs. 500, or in default to undergo a further term of one month's imprisonment. The third accused was discharged.

Mr. Durant.—I wish to give notice that I shall appeal to the Viceroy.

Magistrate.—Make your appeal from the jail in writing; you will have writing materials there. I have no desire to be informed of your intentions verbally.

Durant.—Can I have a copy of the proceedings?

Magistrate.—Yes, certainly, you can obtain them in the usual manner. Mr. Framjee, have a copy of the proceedings prepared without delay.

## THE SUPREME LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

A MEETING of the Council was held at the Viceregal Lodge, Simla, last Thursday, when the following members were present :—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India, presiding; His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab; His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief; the Hon'ble Lieutenant-General G. T. Chesney; the Hon'ble Mr. A. R. Scoble; the Hon'ble Sir C. A. Elliott; the Hon'ble Sir David Barbour; the Hon'ble Mr. P. P. Hutchins; and the Hon'ble Nawab Nawazish Ali Buksh.

BURMA COURTS BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. Scoble moved that the report of the Select Committee on the Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to courts in Lower Burma be taken into consideration. He said :—"This Bill was considered by a Select Committee in Calcutta, and would have been submitted to the Council there had it not been necessary to obtain the previous approval of the Secretary of State in Council to those sections which empower the Recorder of Rangoon, as the High Court for Burma, to pass sentence of death upon European British subjects of her Majesty. That sanction has now been communicated, and I have to ask the Council to take the Bill as finally amended into consideration. In moving for the appointment of the Select Committee, and presenting their report I so fully stated the scope and object of the Bill that I should not trouble the Council with many further observations were it not that I have to propose a few amendments to the draft as settled by the Committee. In the interval which has elapsed since the presentation of their second report I have had the advantage of communicating with the Chief Commissioner of Burma and also of further considering the Bill in connection with the new edition of the Burma Code which is now under preparation in the Legislative Department. The amendments to which I have to ask the attention of the Council have either been suggested by the local authorities or by a minute examination of existing laws. They are not very numerous or important, and I think a very slight explanation will suffice to establish their usefulness. The 1st and 8th relate to the Arakan Hill Districts in Lower Burma, which are not sufficiently advanced in civilisation to be placed under the general law and have special regulations of their own. It has been considered more convenient to save those regulations by a special section than by a mere reference to them in the local extent clause of the Bill. The 2nd amendment is a matter of administrative convenience. It sometimes becomes necessary to place Myooks in charge of subdivisions, and where a Myook is a subdivisional officer it is desirable that the Local Government should have the power of conferring upon him, as Judge of a Civil Court, the same jurisdiction as is possessed by the Court of an Assistant or Extra Assistant Commissioner. The object of the amendment, which was proposed by the Chief Commissioner and has been approved by the Judicial Commissioner, is to empower the Local Government to confer such jurisdiction. The 3rd amendment is to correct an error of fact. Section 53 of the Bill, as settled by the Select Committee, was drawn on the assumption that the jurisdiction of the Court of the Recorder as a Court for the relief of insolvent-debtors in the town of Bassein had been delegated under the Burma Courts Act, 1885, to the Deputy Commissioner of Bassein. The Chief Commissioner has pointed out that as regards Bassein there has been no such delegation of the Recorder's jurisdiction. The 4th and 5th amendments relate to advocates in the Judicial Commissioner's Court and the Courts subordinate thereto. The Chief Commissioner and the present Judicial Commissioner are of opinion that the provisions of the Burma Courts Act, 1875, with respect to the suspension and dismissal of legal practitioners licensed by the Judicial Commissioner should remain undisturbed. Personally I should have been willing to give the same right of appeal to the High Court in the case of advocates of the Judicial Commissioner's own Court as is given to advocates of the Recorder's Court; but as I am assured the existing system has worked well hitherto I have felt justified in yielding to the desire of the local authorities that it should be maintained. The 6th amendment is in the words of Section 36 of the Legal Practitioner's Act, 1879. The Select Committee were informed that it was in contemplation to extend that Act or portions of it to Lower Burma. Both the Chief Commissioner and the Judicial Commissioner, however, consider that the section of that Act which was designed for the suppression of touting and other irregular practices should be enacted as part of the law of Lower Burma, and the Bill has been amended accordingly. The object of the amendments is to remove anachronisms which have come to light in the course of the final revision of the Burma Code, which is to be published as soon as this Bill has been passed by the Council.

The eight amendments mentioned by the Hon'ble Mr. Scoble were then put and agreed to, and the Bill as amended was passed.

The Council adjourned till the 13th of June.

## FATAL RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

A SHOCKING fatal acident occurred at Lucknow on Sunday to a guard named Domingo, employed on the O. and R. Railway. He was sent out in the morning according to a correspondent of the *Post*, in charge of a few waggons of coal, which he was to have seen unloaded some three miles or so outside the Lucknow yard for the use of the engine at the railway pumping station on the banks of the Goomtee. He was brought back dead scarcely an hour afterwards. When the train drew up at the pumping station and the guard did not turn out to set the coolies to work, the native driver and the jemadar of the coolies walked to the break-van to look him up. They found the van empty, and on the foot-board they spied a pool of blood, the blood falling from the roof of the van. Mounting to the roof they discovered the body of the guard stretched across the breadth of the van. It was apparently lifeless. There was a hideous gash across the head, the skull was cut open, the brain protruded and the still warm blood was flowing freely from the ghastly wound. Fearing to disturb the body and yet anxious to do all he could to save life if it still remained, the driver backed his train with all speed into Lucknow, and the station-master, with commendable promptitude, had the body taken down and conveyed to the Railway Hospital near by. It is hardly necessary to add after my description of the wound, that the doctor declared that Domingo had died immediately on receiving his injury. An hour or so after Domingo had been taken to hospital, a line coolie brought his hemlet to the station-master. It had been picked up close to the overbridge not far from the distant signal of the down line. There was deep dent on the helmet. The finding of the helmet where it was picked up confirmed the previous presumption of the station officials that the deceased, unconscious of the vicinity of the overbridge, had got on the roof of his van, and that the bridge had knocked him down before he could stoop to avoid it. The train was running at a high rate of speed, and the force of the shock of his collision with the arch must have caused instantaneous death. The police have accepted this view; but why the deceased mounted to the roof of his van must ever remain a mystery. The deceased leaves a widow but no children. He appears to have been well liked on the line, and his funeral was largely attended by the railway folk.

## BENGAL.

DEATH FROM HEAT APOPLEXY.—A few days ago a fireman, named Robinson, a new arrival from England, who had lately joined the E. I. Railway, while travelling in his train between Asansol and Meahjan stations, was struck down with apoplexy, and died a few hours after.—*Englishman.*

DEATHS IN CALCUTTA.—During the week ended the 25th of May there were 203 deaths registered in Calcutta, giving a death-rate of 24·4 per thousand per annum. In the previous week there were 229 deaths, and the death-rate was 27·5 per thousand. There were 3 deaths from small-pox, 33 from cholera, 61 from fevers, 22 from tetanus, and 3 from causes not specified. The deaths are thus classified :—*all* Non-Asiatics, 1 Mixed Races, 124 Hindus, 74 Mohamedans; and 4 other races. The Health Officer adds the following remarks :—The total number of deaths registered during the week ending 25th May was 203, against 229 and 201 in the two preceding weeks, and higher than the corresponding week of last year by 22. There were 33 deaths from cholera, against 45 and 21 in the two preceding weeks; the number is higher than the average of the past quinquennium by 12. There were 3 deaths from small-pox during the week, against 1 in the previous week. The mortality from fevers and bowel-complaints amounted to 61 and 11 respectively against 61 and 19 in the preceding week. The general death-rate of the week was 24·4 per mille per annum, against 22·6, the mean of the last five years.

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## PUNJAB REVENUE ADMINISTRATION.

THE revenue administration report of the Province for the year 1887-88 now issued is the result of the amalgamation of the agricultural statistics and land revenue administration reports. The points to which the authorities primarily direct their attentions are the weather, the crops, and the agricultural condition of the people :—

The monsoon rains of the year 1887, they report, were late throughout the Province, and ceased early except in the eastern half. The cold weather rains were deferred till near the close of January, and came only just in time to save the spring crops. Generally the rainfall of the year was below the average except in the plain districts of the Delhi Division and in the submontane districts of Hoshiarpur, Gurdaspur, and Rawalpindi. The autumn crop was an average one in the east, and below average in the west of the Province. The spring harvest of 1888 was average or above average in all, but the hill districts of Hazara and Kangra, the northern districts of the Rawalpindi Division and the frontier district of Bannu and Kohat. The whole of the Thal tract of the Sind-Sagar Doab suffered severely from drought, and the long series of bad seasons in this country has recently necessitated the grant of relief by way of remissions of revenue. In the cultivated area of the Province there is an increase of 2·17 per cent. as compared with that of the previous year; but the area is still 2·08 per cent. below that of the year 1885-86. The area of crops and the area cropped exceed those of the previous two years, but are less than those of the year 1884-85.

From the table which follows in the report, we observe that the cultivated area during the year was 2,46,83,484 acres, while the area under crops is returned at 2,27,90,601 acres. In the kharif harvest an increase of 10 lakhs of acres is reported in the area under pulses and millets, but a falling-off of 4½ lakhs of acres, or 41 per cent. In the area under cotton, for which the season was very unfavourable, and which was smaller than that of any other year during the last decade. The area under wheat increased 8 per cent., and the estimated outturn was 22½ per cent. better than that of the previous year. The oilseed crop was a good one. The yield is estimated at half as much again as that of the previous year, and it is believed that the crop must have been an exceedingly profitable one to the cultivators.

A paragraph in the report is devoted to a consideration of the influence which the facility of transport, resulting from the extension of railways, has had on the economic condition of many parts of the Province during the last ten years. The report says :—

This state of things has no doubt revolutionised the economic condition of many parts of the Punjab during the last decade, and it will be necessary to bear this carefully in mind when a season of drought and distress next comes round. Formerly, the villagers in those tracts used to store grain largely against the recurrence of bad seasons, and the traders were in the habit of hoarding up vast amounts of food-supplies with a view to realizing immense sums by sales at such times. Now this is no longer the case; and, though the Lieutenant-Governor does not altogether share the views expressed by the Deputy Commissioner of Gurgaon upon this point, he considers that, on the whole, the new state of things will probably prove to the advantage of the people. When a famine next unhappily occurs, it will be clearly incumbent upon Government to watch the state of the markets and traffic in the early stages of distress more keenly and minutely than would have been the case under former conditions. The question of the food-supply and material condition of the poorer classes of the population has been under enquiry during the year, and it is satisfactory to note that it has been generally reported; that only in the case of the menial castes and the poorer classes of tenants, and then only in unusual years, is there any reason to believe that the standard of sustenance is apt to fall dangerously low.

As regards the work of the village record agency, the Lieutenant-Governor expresses his opinion of it in terms of high approval. There has been more activity on the part of Tahsildars in moving about their circles, and the fact that the number of mutations attested by these officers is 1½ lakhs more than in the previous years is held to bear testimony to the increased work performed. Special attention is being paid to the maintenance of the field map; greater punctuality is observable in the filing of annual papers, and more care is bestowed on the preparation of accurate returns. The conclusion in fact of the whole matter is, that a great and real improvement has taken place in the last few years as regards all classes of revenue work connected with the maintenance of village records.

The land revenue collections for the financial year just closed are the largest ever made in the Province. The collections under the heading of land revenue are derived from three sources. From fixed land revenue the income of the year was Rs. 1,98,38,147, or Rs. 2,51,348 more than the previous year; from fluctuating and miscellaneous sources the income was Rs. 20,36,567, or Rs. 2,93,459 more than the previous year; and from tribute the income was Rs. 2,79,968 or Rs. 900 more than the previous year. The total land revenue of the Punjab, therefore, was in 1887-88 Rs. 2,21,54,682, or nearly 5½ lakhs more than in the year before. The net increase of Rs. 1,13,114 in the fixed land revenue demand was due to the introduction of new assessments into parts of the Umballa and Ferozepore districts; and in fluctuating assessments due mainly to a large increase in the water-advantage rate, new assessments, and increased collections from fluctuating assessments of river lands.

Among the subjects of general interest touched on are the question as to the mortgage indebtedness of the people, the issue of loans to agriculturists by the State, and the effects of recent land legislation. The Punjab Rent and Revenue Acts came into force on November 1, 1887, and so far their operation has not called forth any special remarks by the district officers, the inference—drawn somewhat prematurely, we think—being that they are working smoothly and well. A year is far too little time wherein to test a Land Act. On the subject of enhancement, of which a great deal appears to be going on in Hoshiarpur particularly, Sir James Lyall is disposed to congratulate the Province on not having given settlement officers power to fix rents summarily on re-assessment. Landlords and tenants alike, he considers, in cases of enhancement, will not be satisfied without a formal suit and a judicial decision. The number of occupancy tenants actually ejected in the province was 219, mostly on the frontier. With regard to the controversy regarding the passing of the land into the hands of the bunnias, the report says :—

The area of the land sold during the year was 4,42,933 acres, an increase of 32,783 acres as compared with the previous year, and more than double the area sold in the year 1884-85. The areas held in mortgage during the last three years have been—

| | Acres. |
|---|---|
| 1885-86 ... ... ... ... | 23,93,227 |
| 1886-87 ... ... ... ... | 26,68,968 |
| 1887-88 ... ... ... ... | 30,02,908 |

These figures confirm the conclusion already expressed in recent reviews and correspondence, that the amount of agricultural debt in the Punjab requires careful consideration, and may prove to be serious in cases. It will be seen also from the present report that there is further evidence to show that the large increase in the record of areas mortgaged during the last three years is due in some considerable measure to the fact that transactions of an older date are gradually being completely brought to book. The Financial Commissioner has suggested that perhaps an effort should be made to prepare from the annual records an exact statement of the area now actually held in mortgage. This will probably be necessary in any cases in which the enquiries now being made by District Officers seem to point to the desirability of special protective legislation, but need not be prescribed at present.

The jurisdiction of the Court of Wards has been extended to seven new estates during the year, while three estates have been released from its control, the wards having attained their majority. The report also speaks of the growing importance of private and district canals, and minor irrigation works. The area watered by these during the year was 9,28,542 acres, or nearly half as much as the area irrigated from Government canals.

The report concludes as follows :—

Sir James Lyall had hoped in the present review to specially acknowledge the successful labours of Colonel Wace, First Financial Commissioner, in connection with the Punjab Tenancy and Land Revenue Acts, and to congratulate the Province upon his return from short furlough which the state of his health compelled him to take last spring. This, however, was not to be, as four days before this report was submitted to Government, Colonel Wace was suddenly taken away from those among whom he was working. It is only possible therefore for the Lieutenant-Governor to direct that the present review terminate with the republication of the notice of Colonel Wace's life and work which His Honor caused to be placed on record in the *Punjab Government Gazette* of March 28 1889.

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## GLIMPSES OF PARLIAMENT.

UNIVERSITIES' RIGHT TO REPRESENTATION.

AT the evening sitting of the Commons on Friday, 10th ult., Mr. Edmund Robertson, whose confessed object was to "deal a death-blow at nine members of the House," moved a resolution against the right of the Universities to send representatives to Parliament, "in defiance," as he put it, "of the fundamental constitutional principles of the country." He protested against having "nine scientific wobblers" in the House, who always had a difficulty in making up their minds about anything, and he questioned the right of the Universities to enjoy a privilege which was granted to no other special class. Dr. Farquharson seconded the motion, and said that the fact was that the University seats had come to be nothing more than the "pocket boroughs" of the Tory party. The Solicitor-General for Scotland opposed the motion, and in reply to one of Mr. Robertson's arguments, that a reduction of the number of members of the House would advance public business, he suggested that it was not the University members who were given to obstruction. He argued that it was for the benefit of the nation that there should be variety of opinion in the House, and that there should be a certain number of members specially charged to look after questions relating to education, science, &c. He denounced the proposal as "retrograde and Philistine," and asked the House to reject it. Mr. Haldane, while admitting that the Universities possessed two most brilliant representatives in the House in the persons of Professor Stolkes and Mr. Plunket, suggested, amid considerable laughter, that "even two swallows did not make a summer." The debate then ceased to be a Parliamentary Scotch discussion, and some of the English members were permitted to have an innings. When the division was taken the motion was rejected by 217 votes to 126.

A COMIC SCENE.

The Sugar Bill occupied a large share of the attention and interest of the House of Commons on Monday, 13th ult. Mr. W. H. Smith was much badgered when the first question relating to the bill was reached. Sir Lyon Playfair wanted to know when the second reading of the bill was to be taken, and Mr. Smith, who approached the subject in a rather gingerly fashion, provoked a tremendous explosion of Opposition laughter and ironical cheering by declaring that, "as the measure was not of immediate and pressing importance," the second reading would not be taken till after Whitsuntide. This sent the Opposition, who accepted it as virtually a confession that the bill was dead, into a condition of boisterous and rollicking good humour. They laughed in loud and taunting fashion at every fresh answer given to the flood of new questions that poured in from every quarter, and the situation grew to be so amusing through Mr. Smith's attempts to be mysterious and adroit and diplomatic—attempts which the transparent simplicity of his nature never allowed even the ghost of a chance of success—that the laughter grew more uproarious, and Mr. Gladstone joined in it, while even Mr. Smith himself and all his colleagues on the treasury bench also took part. Indeed, so absurdly comic a scene has not been witnessed in the House for a long time past. When Mr. T. P. O'Connor demanded to know whether the Government meant to proceed with the bill or not, as the "derangement of business" which had been produced by its introduction made it "a matter of urgent importance," before a reply could be given Mr. Causton asked whether the bill was "withdrawn, or only postponed." Another explosion of laughter followed Mr. Smith's diplomatic reply that the House was to "definitely understand what he had clearly stated in his answer," and he emphatically denied that there had been any "derangement of business." Next Mr. Mundella contradicted this denial, and pressed the Government afresh and Mr. Bradlaugh asked whether the price of sugar had not increased. There was more laughter when Mr. Smith answered that it had increased for "present deliveries" but not for "future deliveries," but that it was "not attributable to the Convention. Under further pressure from Sir Lyon Playfair the right hon. gentleman provoked fresh explosion of merriment by repeating that "the business before the House—the Scotch business especially—was of greater importance," and then Mr. Smith's trials, which had thrown him into a perspiration, came to an end.

DISESTABLISHMENT IN WALES.

At Tuesday's (14th ult.) sitting of the House of Commons there was a great gathering of strangers in the various galleries to hear the debate on Mr. Dillwyn's motion in favour of the Disestablishment of the Church in Wales. But the attendance of members was only small. Mr Dillwyn made his motion on the old familiar lines, and quoted the opinions of "all sorts and conditions of men" to show that the Church in Wales ought not to be allowed to continue as a State Establishment. He argued that the people of Wales were mostly Dissenters, and that in former days the Church had almost destroyed religion in Wales and driven it out of the country, and that the Dissenters had since brought religion back and educated the people in it. Mr. Osborne Morgan, who seconded the motion, declared that the "divine right" argument in favour of the Establishment received its death-blow when Parliament disestablished and disendowed the Irish Church, for that measure for ever settled this question, so far as the United Kingdom was concerned that the privileged Church could not exist unless it fulfilled two conditions—first that it comprised a clear and undoubted majority of the people; and, secondly, that it was so interwoven with the religious life of the people that the one could not be removed without inflicting a serious and, it might be a deadly wound upon the other. When Mr. Reed came to address the House in order to move a hostile amendment to Mr. Dillwyn's motion, he owned he had small knowledge of Wales, and none at all of the Welsh language—one of the points on which Mr. Morgan had much insisted, but still he claimed a right to have an opinion about the Church in Wales. He taunted the Opposition with never having permitted a religious census to be taken, lest the hollowness of this cry for Disestablishment should be exposed, and he argued the Church was making rapid progress in that the wealth of the Church was being held out by unscrupulous agitators as a tempting bait to the worst passions and the worst ignorances of the unlearned. If the Church were disestablished in Wales a great wrong would be committed, which would be followed by the condemnation and execration of succeeding generations. Sir Joseph Bailey seconded, and contended that a greater number of Dissenting chapels in Wales was a source of weakness rather than a source of strength. He mentioned one case in which there was a heavy debt upon the chapel, and only three male members of the congregation. He showed further that more marriages were performed by Church clergymen in Wales than were performed by the ministers of all the Dissenting denominations put together. Sir H. Vivian, in a speech remarkable for its quaint intermingling of patriotism, earnestness, and indignation, was greatly outraged by a statement which had been made in the debate that some of the Welsh dissenting chapels were "run up by jerry-builders." He denied that such chapels were largely in debt, and in a lofty vein, which provoked much laughter, he claimed for the Welsh people that they were "more ancient" than the English and—his enthusiasm for the moment outrunning his discretion—that they "had existed for more than two hundred thousand years"—a statement at which the House first sat aghast, and then laughed uproariously. He defied Mr. Reed and his friends to "stamp such a nation out," and complained that they should have "an alien Church" forced upon them. Mr. Abraham was loudly cheered by the Opposition when in the course of a thoughtful and able speech in support of Mr. Dillwyn's motion, he pointed out that though there were four Conservative Welsh members in the House, not one of the four had "dared" to move an amendment, and he very much doubted whether any one of the four would be prepared to vote against the motion. Mr. Raikes next spoke, and argued skilfully upon the antiquity and continuity of the Church in Wales, and answered various points which had been raised in the course of the debate. Mr. Stansfeld brought the debate to a close by a speech in support of the motion, and then on a division the motion was rejected by 284 votes to 231. Mr. Chamberlain voted for the motion. Neither Mr. Gladstone nor Lord Hartington voted. Sir Charles Russell walked out. The majority was much larger than had been expected.

PERPETUAL PENSIONS.

Mr. Bradlaugh, on the 16th ult., proceeded to move his resolution approving the report of the Select Committee on perpetual pensions, expressing the opinion that the rate of commutation usually adopted of about twenty-seven years' purchase is too high. The hon. gentleman said this was not a party question, and he hoped the Government would not adopt an attitude which would render it incumbent upon their followers to support their party rather than act in accordance with the justice of the case. He pressed the House to stand by the decision of its own Committee.

Dr. Clark moved to add to the motion

## SPORTING NOTES.

So prominently have three-year-olds shown in the principal handicaps of the present season that it looks as if our horses of that age are a bit above the average in point of calibre, writes a home sporting correspondent. In the Jubilee Stakes, at Kempton Park, last Friday, 10th ult. horses of this age finished first, second, and fourth. Amphion's success was a great performance as he won so easily that there is no telling how far he would have won by had he not had a 7lb. penalty to carry for his success in the Doveridge Handicap at Derby. On his latest show Amphion must be one of the best three-year-olds in training as he met a horse liked. The Rejected on 4lb. worse terms than weight for age. Screech Owl has also shown himself tolerably smart; but he has no chance with Amphion, although he was in receipt of 17lb. It is a pity that Amphion is not in the Derby. If he was, the principal fancies for that stake would not have matters all their own way. It is also to be regretted that General Bryne's colt does not possess more important engagements than have been made for him.

The defeat of Friar's Balsam in the Royal Stakes on Saturday, ult., 11th was a great disappointment to most people. The horse was not tried, and this is very remarkable, considering that Lord Alington and Sir Frederick Johnstone both bet. They are certainly not the sort of people to put their money down in the dark. That some of the Kingsclere people did not think that Saturday's Friar's Balsam was not the Friar's Balsam is proved by the fact that one of the stables is said to have had only a tenner on him. To my idea, if a horse is run without a test gallop particularly after he has been amiss, it is a sign of weakness. His friends do not like to actually know the worst, much as they may suspect it. Friar's Balsam must have deteriorated wonderfully, and when I saw him dead beaten, it made me wonder, however, he managed to defeat Minting for the Champion Stakes at Newmarket last autumn. I can now well understand the plaintive remark Matthew Dawson made, when he said, "Ah! Minting is not Minting to-day," as he saw his champion toiling along in the rear.

Money makes money, is a very old maxim, and the Duke of Portland's good fortune is another instance in point. Since such mammoth races as the Sandown Eclipse Stakes have been instituted, his Grace of Welbeck has won his full share of them. To possess such a horse as Ayrshire falls to the lot of but a few turfites once in a lifetime, but nothing succeeds like success, and his owner is particularly fortunate in having at one and the same time perhaps an equally good animal in Donovan, to say nothing of Ayrshire's halfbrother, Melanion, and the two-year-olds Semolina and the as yet dark St. Serf. Nor does the Duke's good luck stop here, as at Welbeck he possesses a sire in St. Simon who promises to be as great a success at the stud as he was on the racecourse. All his get, who are at present two-year-olds, appear to race, and most of them are already good winners.

Considering that Ayrshire had two horses his superior as a two-year-old in Friar's Balsam and Seabreeze, he did wonderfully well to win no less than £6,565 in stakes alone during his first season. Owing to the Kingsclere crack's misfortune, Ayrshire did even better as a three-year-old, his efforts placing no less a sum than £8,675 to his owner's credit. This amount has been considerably augmented by the £9,500 he secured by winning the Kempton Park Royal Stakes, which makes a grand total of £24,740. Donovan won an unparalleled sum during his two-year-old £16,487; and to this is added the Prince of Wales's Stakes at Leicester, and the second money in the Two Thousand, which makes up a total of £27,687. This, added to Ayrshire's earnings, makes up a sum of £52,427 won by these two horses. With the Derby, St. Leger, Lancashire Plate, and other big races in which the Duke of Portland has horses entered, it would not surprise me if his Grace won more money in one year than Lord Falmouth did in his most successful season.

A capital programme has been issued by the Doncaster executive. The course will be found good going, being well covered with herbage, and the arrival-list is already a strong one, while many others are expected from York and other places this morning, so good racing may be anticipated. The chief event of to-day is the Doncaster Spring Handicap of £1,000, for which there will be a good field of first-class handicap performers. The runners will include Felix, who ran a dead heat for this race last year with Kingfisher. The latter up to the present has not come. The speedy Hazlehatch is also here to compete, but he may find the journey a little too far for him. Link Boy, who ran so prominently in the Jubilee Handicap at Kempton, will also be a competitor.

The following are the starters and jockeys, so far as can be ascertained, for the Spring Handicap:—King Monmouth (F. Rickaby), Hazlehatch (F. Barrett), Philomel (J. Calder), Felix (G. Barrett), Willington (J. Fagan), Hugo (T. Loates), Link Boy (T. Mullens), King James (S. Chandley), Robin Hood (G. Chaloner), Dazzle (W. Blake), Regalis (Falloon), Helmsley (Hibbert). The Hopeful Stakes, for two-years-old, also looks like furnishing an interesting contest.

Owing to the fog the horses were late out, and the number of spectators to view the gallops was a limited one. The first to make an appearance were Ryan's Regalis and Flower o' the May, being sent six furlongs. Transept went a similar distance, and later went a capital gallop of a mile and a half. King James, Moonraker, and Lord of the Manor negotiated five furlongs. Then at intervals Dazzle, Robin, and Kinkora came a like distance; then Tissaphernes, Prince of Tyre, Non Est (Robinson up), and Tartarus followed suit. Hugo covered six furlongs, a like remark applying to Hazlehatch, Stronvar, and Princess Katinkac. Bard of Erin and Helmsley, Grouse, and Lady Grace travelled five furlongs, as did Thornville, Felix, and Don Pacificio. Link Boy came about six furlongs, Etheldrag (Rickaby riding) went five furlongs.

The big Australian sportsman, the Hon. James White, will send five thoroughbreds to England by the Orizaba next month. The two-year olds—Kirkham, by Chester out of La Princesse, and Narrellay, by Chester out of Princess Maud—both of whom are engaged in next year's Derby. The yearlings are—Colt by Chester out of (imported) Trafalgar by Blair Athole; colt by Chester out of (Australian) Iolanthe by Maribyrnong; and filly by Martini-Henry (son of the English Musket and Australian Sylvia) out of (imported) Malacca. The stud horse Chester is a son of the Australian Yattenden, one of the best horses ever seen on the Colonial Turf, out of the English mare Lady Chester. An old horse would have accompanied the foregoing as "schoolmaster," but the Orizaba could not find room for him. It is generally understood that Mr. White's horses will be entrusted to the care of Matthew Dawson.

How very frequently it happens that horses bred out of England are made the medium of objections when they win in this country. Count Esterhazy has been especially unlucky, more particularly with Et Cetera, and now Mr. Savile has his trials with Ringmaster. He got safely through the question about the horse being habitually trained in England, and I hope that the like good fortune will attend the inquiry relative to Turner's apprentice indentures. I knew Mr. Savile many years ago, before he left England for Australia, and even if the York verdict does go against him, he is such a real good sportsman that he will not be cast down by his ill-fortune. There will be some more Ringmasters come out of Burghley Park soon.

Many good racehorses have trod the springy turf in this pretty park in years gone by. It is in what is known as the High Park that Mr. Savile trains his horses. Here there is a splendid gallop, running by the side of the Plantation that joins the great North-road between London and York, about a mile south of Stamford town. It is old turf, and even in dry summers is always good galloping. The old racing Lord Exeter had a few horses now and then trained at Burghley, but as a rule his horses were trained either at Newmarket for Malton. Of late years Lord Rossyn has leased the stud paddocks in the Low Part, and here some well-known sires and brood mares have been located.

It was in this very park that that grand old brood mare Pocahontas, the mother of Stockwell, King Tom, and Harkaway, passed her last days. I remember her quite well, and she was shot, I think, about the year 1871. John Thompson, Lord Exeter's stud groom, has her shank bones mounted as the hafts of a carving-knife and fork. Round each is a little silver band, with the word "Pocahontas" engraved thereon.

"Lord Alington and Sir Frederick Johnstone have experienced dreadfully bad luck this year with five of their ten brood mares. Flower of Dorset (dam of Friar's Balsam) had a dead colt by St. Simon, Fusee (dam of St. Blaise) is barren to St. Simon, Cosy (dam of Sour Easter) had a dead foal by Isonomy, Match Girl is barren to Isonomy, and Dot had a dead foal by Robert the Devil! This is ill-fortune with a vengeance.

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Behold it aforetime no eyes ever did,
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Which will dispel disease's shaft;
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Should always have at their command
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Biliousness—it does assuage,
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